SENATE BILL No. 176

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1-18.5-3; IC 6-3.5; IC 6-8.1-1-1; IC 6-9-45; IC 8-25; IC 12-29-2-2; IC 36-9.

Synopsis: Central Indiana transit. Provides for the establishment or expansion of public transportation services in an eligible county through local public questions placed on the ballot under ordinances adopted by the fiscal body of the eligible county. Provides that Delaware County, Hamilton County, Johnson County, Madison County, and Marion County are eligible counties. Authorizes eligible counties to fund approved public transportation projects through various parts of the local option income tax rates that are available under current law for other purposes and by imposing on C corporations a county income tax or a county employment tax. Specifies that fares must cover 25% of the operating costs of a transportation system established or expanded under the bill. Authorizes interlocal agreements, public-private partnerships, and bonding with respect to a public transportation project.

Effective: July 1, 2014.

Miller Patricia, Waltz

January 8,2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy.



Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 176

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-18.5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.234-2013
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 3. (a) A civil taxing unit may not impose an ac
4	valorem property tax levy for an ensuing calendar year that exceeds the
5	amount determined in the last STEP of the following STEPS:
6	STEP ONE: Determine the civil taxing unit's maximum
7	permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the preceding
8	calendar year.
9	STEP TWO: Multiply the amount determined in STEP ONE by
10	the amount determined in the last STEP of section 2(b) of this
11	chapter.
12	STEP THREE: Determine the lesser of one and fifteen hundredthe
13	(1.15) or the quotient (rounded to the nearest ten-thousandth
14	(0.0001)), of the assessed value of all taxable property subject to
15	the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for the ensuing
16	calendar year, divided by the assessed value of all taxable



1	property that is subject to the civil taxing unit's ad valorem
2	property tax levy for the ensuing calendar year and that is
3	contained within the geographic area that was subject to the civil
4	taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy in the preceding
5	calendar year.
6	STEP FOUR: Determine the greater of the amount determined in
7	STEP THREE or one (1).
8	STEP FIVE: Multiply the amount determined in STEP TWO by
9	the amount determined in STEP FOUR.
10	STEP SIX: Add the amount determined under STEP TWO to the
11	amount of an excessive levy appeal granted under section 13 of
12	this chapter for the ensuing calendar year.
13	STEP SEVEN: Determine the greater of STEP FIVE or STEP
14	SIX.
15	(b) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and
16	payable after December 31, 2007. This subsection applies only to a
17	civil taxing unit that is located in a county for which:
18	(1) a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is
19	increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24; or
20	(2) a county option income tax rate is first imposed or is increased
21	in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-6-30;
22	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any
22 23 24	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any
22 23 24 25	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under
22 23 24 25 26	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject
22 23 24 25 26 27	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. In the case of a civil taxing unit that:
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. In the case of a civil taxing unit that: (1) is partially located in a county for which a county adjusted
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. In the case of a civil taxing unit that: (1) is partially located in a county for which a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. In the case of a civil taxing unit that: (1) is partially located in a county for which a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or a county option income
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. In the case of a civil taxing unit that: (1) is partially located in a county for which a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or a county option income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. In the case of a civil taxing unit that: (1) is partially located in a county for which a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or a county option income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-6-30 to provide property tax relief in the county; and
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. In the case of a civil taxing unit that: (1) is partially located in a county for which a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or a county option income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-6-30 to provide property tax relief in the county; and (2) is partially located in a county that is not described in
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. In the case of a civil taxing unit that: (1) is partially located in a county for which a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or a county option income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-6-30 to provide property tax relief in the county; and (2) is partially located in a county that is not described in subdivision (1);
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. In the case of a civil taxing unit that: (1) is partially located in a county for which a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or a county option income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-6-30 to provide property tax relief in the county; and (2) is partially located in a county that is not described in subdivision (1); the department of local government finance shall, notwithstanding
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. In the case of a civil taxing unit that: (1) is partially located in a county for which a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or a county option income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-6-30 to provide property tax relief in the county; and (2) is partially located in a county that is not described in subdivision (1); the department of local government finance shall, notwithstanding subsection (b), adjust the portion of the civil taxing unit's maximum
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. In the case of a civil taxing unit that: (1) is partially located in a county for which a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or a county option income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-6-30 to provide property tax relief in the county; and (2) is partially located in a county that is not described in subdivision (1); the department of local government finance shall, notwithstanding subsection (b), adjust the portion of the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy that is attributable (as
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any provision in this section, any other section of this chapter, or IC 12-20-21-3.2, and except as provided in subsection (c), the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy calculated under this section for the ensuing calendar year for a civil taxing unit subject to this section is equal to the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the current calendar year. (c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2007. In the case of a civil taxing unit that: (1) is partially located in a county for which a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or a county option income tax rate is first imposed or is increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-6-30 to provide property tax relief in the county; and (2) is partially located in a county that is not described in subdivision (1); the department of local government finance shall, notwithstanding subsection (b), adjust the portion of the civil taxing unit's maximum



local government finance shall adjust this portion of the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy so that, notwithstanding subsection (b), this portion is allowed to increase as otherwise provided in this section. If the department of local government finance increases the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy under this subsection, any additional property taxes imposed by the civil taxing unit under the adjustment shall be paid only by the taxpayers in the county or counties described in subdivision (2).

SECTION 2. IC 6-3.5-1.1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.261-2013, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 9. (a) Revenue derived from the imposition of the county adjusted gross income tax shall, in the manner prescribed by this section, be distributed to the county that imposed it. The amount to be distributed to a county during an ensuing calendar year equals the amount of county adjusted gross income tax revenue that the budget agency determines has been:

- (1) received from that county for a taxable year ending before the calendar year in which the determination is made; and
- (2) reported on an annual return or amended return processed by the department in the state fiscal year ending before July 1 of the calendar year in which the determination is made;

as adjusted for refunds of county adjusted gross income tax made in the state fiscal year.

(b) Before August 2 of each calendar year, the budget agency shall provide to the county auditor of each adopting county an estimate of the amount determined under subsection (a) that will be distributed to the county, based on known tax rates. Not later than thirty (30) days after receiving the estimate of the certified distribution, the county auditor shall notify each taxing unit of the estimated amount of property tax replacement credits, certified shares, and other revenue that will be distributed to the taxing unit under this chapter during the ensuing calendar year. Before October 1 of each calendar year, the budget agency shall certify to the county auditor of each adopting county the amount determined under subsection (a) plus the amount of interest in the county's account that has accrued and has not been included in a certification made in a preceding year. The amount certified is the county's "certified distribution" for the immediately succeeding calendar year. The amount certified shall be adjusted under subsections (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g). Not later than thirty (30) days after receiving the notice of the amount of the certified distribution, the county auditor shall notify each taxing unit of the amount of property



tax replacement credits, certified shares, and other revenue that will be distributed to the taxing unit under this chapter during the ensuing calendar year. The budget agency shall provide the county council with an informative summary of the calculations used to determine the certified distribution. The summary of calculations must include:

- (1) the amount reported on individual income tax returns processed by the department during the previous fiscal year;
- (2) adjustments for over distributions in prior years;
- (3) adjustments for clerical or mathematical errors in prior years;
- (4) adjustments for tax rate changes; and
- (5) the amount of excess account balances to be distributed under IC 6-3.5-1.1-21.1.

The budget agency shall also certify information concerning the part of the certified distribution that is attributable to a tax rate under section 24, 25, or 26 of this chapter. This information must be certified to the county auditor, the department, and the department of local government finance before October 1 of each calendar year. The part of the certified distribution that is attributable to a tax rate under section 24, 25, or 26 of this chapter may be used only as specified in those provisions.

- (c) The budget agency shall certify an amount less than the amount determined under subsection (b) if the budget agency determines that the reduced distribution is necessary to offset overpayments made in a calendar year before the calendar year of the distribution. The budget agency may reduce the amount of the certified distribution over several calendar years so that any overpayments are offset over several years rather than in one (1) lump sum.
- (d) The budget agency shall adjust the certified distribution of a county to correct for any clerical or mathematical errors made in any previous certification under this section. The budget agency may reduce the amount of the certified distribution over several calendar years so that any adjustment under this subsection is offset over several years rather than in one (1) lump sum.
- (e) This subsection applies to a county that initially imposes, increases, decreases, or rescinds a tax or tax rate under this chapter before November 1 in the same calendar year in which the budget agency makes a certification under this section. The budget agency shall adjust the certified distribution of a county to provide for a distribution in the immediately following calendar year and in each calendar year thereafter. The budget agency shall provide for a full transition to certification of distributions as provided in subsection (a)(1) through (a)(2) in the manner provided in subsection (c). If the county imposes, increases, decreases, or rescinds a tax or tax rate under



- this chapter after the date for which a certification under subsection (b) is based, the budget agency shall adjust the certified distribution of the county after September 30 of the calendar year. The adjustment shall reflect any other adjustment required under subsections (c), (d), (f), and (g). The adjusted certification shall be treated as the county's "certified distribution" for the immediately succeeding calendar year. The budget agency shall certify the adjusted certified distribution to the county auditor for the county and provide the county council with an informative summary of the calculations that revises the informative summary provided in subsection (b) and reflects the changes made in the adjustment.
- (f) The budget agency shall adjust the certified distribution of a county to provide the county with the distribution required under section 3.3 of this chapter beginning not later than the tenth month after the month in which additional revenue from the tax authorized under section 3.3 of this chapter is initially collected.
- (g) This subsection applies in the year in which a county initially imposes a tax rate under section 24 of this chapter. Notwithstanding any other provision, the budget agency shall adjust the part of the county's certified distribution that is attributable to the tax rate under section 24 of this chapter to provide for a distribution in the immediately following calendar year equal to the result of:
 - (1) the sum of the amounts determined under STEP ONE through STEP FOUR of IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(a) **IC** 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in the year in which the county initially imposes a tax rate under section 24 of this chapter; multiplied by
 - (2) two (2).

- (h) The budget agency shall before May 1 of every odd-numbered year publish an estimate of the statewide total amount of certified distributions to be made under this chapter during the following two (2) calendar years.
- (i) The budget agency shall before May 1 of every even-numbered year publish an estimate of the statewide total amount of certified distributions to be made under this chapter during the following calendar year.
- (j) The estimates under subsections (h) and (i) must specify the amount of the estimated certified distributions that are attributable to the additional rate authorized under section 24 of this chapter, the additional rate authorized under section 25 of this chapter, the additional rate authorized under section 26 of this chapter, and any other additional rates authorized under this chapter.
 - SECTION 3. IC 6-3.5-1.1-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2007,



	6
1	SECTION 65, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 23. (a) A pledge of county adjusted gross income
3	tax revenues received under this chapter (other than tax revenue
4	attributable to a tax rate under section 24, 25, or 26 of this chapter for
5	property tax relief or public safety) is enforceable in accordance with
6	IC 5-1-14.
7	(b) With respect to obligations for which a pledge has been made
8	under this chapter, the general assembly covenants with the county and
9	the purchasers or owners of those obligations that this chapter will not
10	be repealed or amended in any manner that will adversely affect the
11	collection of the tax imposed under this chapter as long as the principal
12	of or interest on those obligations is unpaid.
13	SECTION 4. IC 6-3.5-1.1-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.261-2013,
14	SECTION 9. IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

SECTION 4. IC 6-3.5-1.1-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.261-2013, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 24. (a) In a county in which the county adjusted gross income tax is in effect, the county council may adopt an ordinance to impose or increase (as applicable) a tax rate under this section.

- (b) In a county in which neither the county adjusted gross income tax nor the county option income tax is in effect, the county council may adopt an ordinance to impose a tax rate under this section.
- (c) If a county council adopts an ordinance to impose or increase a tax rate under this section, not more than ten (10) days after the vote, the county auditor shall send a certified copy of the ordinance to the commissioner of the department, the director of the budget agency, and the commissioner of the department of local government finance in an electronic format approved by the director of the budget agency.
- (d) A tax rate under this section is in addition to any other tax rates imposed under this chapter and does not affect the purposes for which other tax revenue under this chapter may be used.
- (e) Except as provided in subsection (t), the following apply only in the year in which a county council first imposes a tax rate under this section:
 - (1) The county council shall, in the ordinance imposing the tax rate, specify the tax rate for each of the following two (2) years.
 - (2) The tax rate that must be imposed in the county in the first year is equal to the result of:
 - (A) the tax rate determined for the county under IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(a) IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in the year in which the tax rate is increased; multiplied by
 - (B) two (2).
 - (3) The tax rate that must be imposed in the county in the second



1	year is the tax rate determined for the county under
2	IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b). IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(c). The tax rate under this
3	subdivision continues in effect in later years unless the tax rate is
4	increased under this section.
5	(4) The levy limitations in IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(b), IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(c),
6	IC 12-19-7-4(b) (before its repeal), IC 12-19-7.5-6(b) (before its
7	repeal), and IC 12-29-2-2(c) apply to property taxes first due and
8	payable in the ensuing calendar year and to property taxes first
9	due and payable in the calendar year after the ensuing calendar
10	year.
11	(f) Except as provided in subsection (t), the following apply only
12	in a year in which a county council increases a tax rate under this
13	section:
14	(1) The county council shall, in the ordinance increasing the tax
15	rate, specify the tax rate for the following year.
16	(2) The tax rate that must be imposed in the county is equal to the
17	result of:
18	(A) the tax rate determined for the county under
19	IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(a) IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in that year; plus
20	(B) the tax rate currently in effect in the county under this
21	section.
22 23 24	The tax rate under this subdivision continues in effect in later
23	years unless the tax rate is increased under this section.
24	(3) The levy limitations in IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(b), IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(c),
25 26 27	IC 12-19-7-4(b) (before its repeal), IC 12-19-7.5-6(b) (before its
26	repeal), and IC 12-29-2-2(c) apply to property taxes first due and
	payable in the ensuing calendar year.
28	(g) Except as provided in subsection (t), the department of local
29	government finance shall determine the following property tax
30	replacement distribution amounts:
31	STEP ONE: Determine the sum of the amounts determined under
32	STEP ONE through STEP FOUR of IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(a)
33	IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) for the county in the preceding year.
34	STEP TWO: For distribution to each civil taxing unit that in the
35	year had a maximum permissible property tax levy limited under
36	IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(b), determine the result of:
37	(1) the quotient of:
38	(A) the part of the amount determined under STEP ONE of
39	$\frac{1C}{6-3.5-1.5-1(a)}$ IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in the preceding year
40	that was attributable to the civil taxing unit; divided by
41	(B) the STEP ONE amount; multiplied by
42	(2) the tax revenue received by the county treasurer under this



1	section.
2	STEP THREE: For distributions in 2009 and thereafter, the result
3	of this STEP is zero (0). For distribution to the county for deposit
4	in the county family and children's fund before 2009, determine
5	the result of:
6	(1) the quotient of:
7	(A) the amount determined under STEP TWO of
8	$\frac{1C}{6-3.5-1.5-1(a)}$ IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in the preceding year;
9	divided by
0	(B) the STEP ONE amount; multiplied by
1	(2) the tax revenue received by the county treasurer under this
2	section.
3	STEP FOUR: For distributions in 2009 and thereafter, the result
4	of this STEP is zero (0). For distribution to the county for deposit
5	in the county children's psychiatric residential treatment services
6	fund before 2009, determine the result of:
7	(1) the quotient of:
8	(A) the amount determined under STEP THREE of
9	$\frac{1C}{6-3.5-1.5-1(a)}$ IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in the preceding year;
20	divided by
21	(B) the STEP ONE amount; multiplied by
22	(2) the tax revenue received by the county treasurer under this
22 23 24	section.
24	STEP FIVE: For distribution to the county for community mental
25	health center purposes, determine the result of:
26	(1) the quotient of:
27	(A) the amount determined under STEP FOUR of
28	$\frac{1C}{6-3.5-1.5-1(a)}$ IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in the preceding year;
29	divided by
0	(B) the STEP ONE amount; multiplied by
1	(2) the tax revenue received by the county treasurer under this
2	section.
3	Except as provided in subsection (m), the county treasurer shall
4	distribute the portion of the certified distribution that is attributable to
5	a tax rate under this section as specified in this section. The county
6	treasurer shall make the distributions under this subsection at the same
7	time that distributions are made to civil taxing units under section 15
8	of this chapter.
9	(h) Notwithstanding sections 3.1 and 4 of this chapter, a county
0	council may not decrease or rescind a tax rate imposed under this
-1	chapter. section.
-2	(i) The tax rate under this section shall not be considered for



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1	purposes of computing:
2	(1) the maximum income tax rate that may be imposed in a county
3	under section 2 of this chapter or any other provision of this
4	chapter; or
5	(2) the maximum permissible property tax levy under
6	IC 6-1.1-18.5-3.
7	(j) The tax levy under this section shall not be considered for
8	purposes of the credit under IC 6-1.1-20.6.
9	(k) Except as provided in subsections (s) and (t), a distribution
10	under this section shall be treated as a part of the receiving civil taxing
11	unit's property tax levy for that year for purposes of fixing the budge
12	of the civil taxing unit and for determining the distribution of taxes tha
13	are distributed on the basis of property tax levies.
14	(1) If a county council imposes a tax rate under this section (other
15	than a tax rate imposed under subsection (s)), the portion of county
16	adjusted gross income tax revenue dedicated to property tax
17	replacement credits under section 11 of this chapter may not be
18	decreased.
19	(m) In the year following the year in a which a county first imposes
20	a tax rate under this section, one-half $(1/2)$ of the tax revenue that is
21	attributable to the tax rate under this section (other than a tax rate
22	imposed under subsection (s)) must be deposited in the county
23	stabilization fund established under subsection (o).
24	(n) Except as provided in subsection (t) and IC 8-25, a pledge of
25	county adjusted gross income taxes does not apply to revenue
26	attributable to a tax rate under this section.
27	(o) Except as provided in subsection (t), a county stabilization
28	fund is established in each county that imposes a tax rate under this
29	section. The county stabilization fund shall be administered by the
30	county auditor. If for a year the certified distributions attributable to a
31	tax rate under this section exceed the amount calculated under STEF
32	ONE through STEP FOUR of IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(a) IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) that
33	is used by the department of local government finance and the
34	department of state revenue to determine the tax rate under this section
35	the excess shall be deposited in the county stabilization fund. Money
36	shall be distributed from the county stabilization fund in a year by the
37	county auditor to political subdivisions entitled to a distribution of tax
38	revenue attributable to the tax rate under this section if:
39	(1) the certified distributions attributable to a tax rate under this
40	section are less than the amount calculated under STEP ONE

through STEP FOUR of $\frac{1}{1}$ C 6-3.5-1.5-1(a) IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) that

is used by the department of local government finance and the



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1	department of state revenue to determine the tax rate under this
2	section for a year; or
3	(2) the certified distributions attributable to a tax rate under this
4	section in a year are less than the certified distributions
5	attributable to a tax rate under this section in the preceding year.
6	However, subdivision (2) does not apply to the year following the first
7	year in which certified distributions of revenue attributable to the tax
8	rate under this section are distributed to the county.
9	(p) Notwithstanding any other provision, a tax rate imposed under
10	this section may not exceed one percent (1%).
l 1	(q) A county council must each year hold at least one (1) public
12	meeting at which the county council discusses whether the tax rate
13	under this section should be imposed or increased.
14	(r) The department of local government finance and the department
15	of state revenue may take any actions necessary to carry out the
16	purposes of this section.
17	(s) This subsection applies only to Johnson County. If the voters
18	of the county approve a local public question under IC 8-25-2, the
19	fiscal body of the county may adopt an ordinance to provide for the
20	use of county adjusted gross income tax revenues attributable to an
21	additional tax rate imposed under this subsection to fund a public
22	transportation project under IC 8-25. An ordinance adopted under
23 24	this subsection must specify an additional tax rate to be imposed in
24	the county of at least one-tenth percent (0.1%), but not more than
25	twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%). If an ordinance is
26	adopted under this subsection, the amount of the certified
27	distribution attributable to the additional tax rate imposed under
28	this subsection must be:
29	(1) retained by the county auditor;
30	(2) deposited in the public transportation project fund
31	established under IC 8-25-3-7; and
32	(3) used for the purpose provided in this subsection instead of
33	as a property tax replacement distribution.
34	(t) The following do not apply to an additional tax rate imposed
35	under subsection (s):
36	(1) Subsection (e).
37	(2) Subsection (f).
38	(3) Subsection (g).
39	(4) Subsection (k).
10	(5) Subsection (n).
11 12	(6) Subsection (o).
	SECTION 5. IC 6-3.5-1.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2012,



1	SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) This section does not apply to a tax rate
3	imposed under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24(s) or IC 6-3.5-6-30(t) for a public
4	transportation project authorized under IC 8-25-2.
5	(a) (b) The department of local government finance and the budget
6	agency shall, before September 1 of each year, jointly calculate the
7	county adjusted income tax rate or county option income tax rate (as
8	applicable) that must be imposed in a county to raise income tax
9	revenue in the following year equal to the sum of the following STEPS:
10	STEP ONE: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the result of:
l 1	(1) the department of local government finance's estimate of
12	the sum of the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax
13	levies calculated under IC 6-1.1-18.5 for all civil taxing units
14	in the county for the ensuing calendar year (before any
15	adjustment under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(g) or IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(h) for
16	the ensuing calendar year); minus
17	(2) the sum of the maximum permissible ad valorem property
18	tax levies calculated under IC 6-1.1-18.5 for all civil taxing
19	units in the county for the current calendar year.
20	In the case of a civil taxing unit that is located in more than one
21	(1) county, the department of local government finance shall, for
22	purposes of making the determination under this subdivision,
23	apportion the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem
24	property tax levy among the counties in which the civil taxing unit
25 26	is located.
26	STEP TWO: This STEP applies only to property taxes first due
27	and payable before January 1, 2009. Determine the greater of zero
28	(0) or the result of:
29	(1) the department of local government finance's estimate of
30	the family and children property tax levy that will be imposed
31	by the county under IC 12-19-7-4 (before its repeal) for the
32	ensuing calendar year (before any adjustment under
33	IC 12-19-7-4(b) (before its repeal) for the ensuing calendar
34	year); minus
35	(2) the county's family and children property tax levy imposed
36	by the county under IC 12-19-7-4 (before its repeal) for the
37	current calendar year.
38	STEP THREE: This STEP applies only to property taxes first due
39	and payable before January 1, 2009. Determine the greater of zero
10	(0) or the result of:
11 12	(1) the department of local government finance's estimate of
12.	the children's psychiatric residential treatment services



1	property tax levy that will be imposed by the county under
2	IC 12-19-7.5-6 for (before its repeal) for the ensuing calendar
3	year (before any adjustment under IC 12-19-7.5-6(b) (before
4	its repeal) for the ensuing calendar year); minus
5	(2) the children's psychiatric residential treatment services
6	property tax imposed by the county under IC 12-19-7.5-6
7	(before its repeal) for the current calendar year.
8	STEP FOUR: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the result of:
9	(1) the department of local government finance's estimate of
10	the county's maximum community mental health centers
11	property tax levy under IC 12-29-2-2 for the ensuing calendar
12	year (before any adjustment under IC 12-29-2-2(c) for the
13	ensuing calendar year); minus
14	(2) the county's maximum community mental health centers
15	property tax levy under IC 12-29-2-2 for the current calendar
16	year.
17	(b) (c) In the case of a county that wishes to impose a tax rate under
18	IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or IC 6-3.5-6-30 (as applicable) for the first time, the
19	department of local government finance and the budget agency shall
20	jointly estimate the amount that will be calculated under subsection (a)
21	in the second year after the tax rate is first imposed. The department of
22	local government finance and the budget agency shall calculate the tax
23	rate under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or IC 6-3.5-6-30 (as applicable) that must be
24	imposed in the county in the second year after the tax rate is first
25	imposed to raise income tax revenue equal to the estimate under this
26	subsection.
27	(e) (d) The budget agency and the department of local government
28	finance shall make the calculations under subsections (a) (b) and (b)
29	(c) based on the best information available at the time the calculation
30	is made.
31	(d) (e) Notwithstanding IC 6-3.5-1.1-24(h) and IC 6-3.5-6-30(h), if
32	a county has adopted an income tax rate under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or
33	IC 6-3.5-6-30 to replace property tax levy growth, the part of the tax
34	rate under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24 or IC 6-3.5-6-30 that was used before
35	January 1, 2009, to reduce levy growth in the county family and
36	children's fund property tax levy and the children's psychiatric
37	residential treatment services property tax levy shall instead be used for
38	property tax relief in the same manner that a tax rate under
39	IC 6-3.5-1.1-26 or IC 6-3.5-6-32 is used for property tax relief.
40	SECTION 6. IC 6-3.5-6-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.261-2013,
41	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 17. (a) Revenue derived from the imposition of



the county option income tax shall, in the manner prescribed by this section, be distributed to the county that imposed it. The amount that is to be distributed to a county during an ensuing calendar year equals the amount of county option income tax revenue that the budget agency determines has been:

- (1) received from that county for a taxable year ending in a calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the determination is made; and
- (2) reported on an annual return or amended return processed by the department in the state fiscal year ending before July 1 of the calendar year in which the determination is made;

as adjusted (as determined after review of the recommendation of the budget agency) for refunds of county option income tax made in the state fiscal year.

- (b) Before August 2 of each calendar year, the budget agency shall provide to the county auditor of each adopting county an estimate of the amount determined under subsection (a) that will be distributed to the county, based on known tax rates. Not later than thirty (30) days after receiving the estimate of the certified distribution, the county auditor shall notify each taxing unit of the estimated amount of distributive shares and other revenue that will be distributed to the taxing unit under this chapter during the ensuing calendar year. Before October 1 of each calendar year, the budget agency shall certify to the county auditor of each adopting county the amount determined under subsection (a) plus the amount of interest in the county's account that has accrued and has not been included in a certification made in a preceding year. The amount certified is the county's "certified distribution" for the immediately succeeding calendar year. The amount certified shall be adjusted, as necessary, under subsections (c), (d), (e), and (f). Not later than thirty (30) days after receiving the notice of the amount of the certified distribution, the county auditor shall notify each taxing unit of the amount of distributive shares and other revenue that will be distributed to the taxing unit under this chapter during the ensuing calendar year. The budget agency shall provide the county council with an informative summary of the calculations used to determine the certified distribution. The summary of calculations must include:
 - (1) the amount reported on individual income tax returns processed by the department during the previous fiscal year;
 - (2) adjustments for over distributions in prior years;
 - (3) adjustments for clerical or mathematical errors in prior years;
 - (4) adjustments for tax rate changes; and



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(5) the amount of excess account balances to be distributed under IC 6-3.5-6-17.3.

The budget agency shall also certify information concerning the part of the certified distribution that is attributable to a tax rate under section 30, 31, or 32 of this chapter. This information must be certified to the county auditor and to the department of local government finance before October 1 of each calendar year. The part of the certified distribution that is attributable to a tax rate under section 30, 31, or 32 of this chapter may be used only as specified in those provisions.

- (c) The budget agency shall certify an amount less than the amount determined under subsection (b) if the budget agency determines that the reduced distribution is necessary to offset overpayments made in a calendar year before the calendar year of the distribution. The budget agency may reduce the amount of the certified distribution over several calendar years so that any overpayments are offset over several years rather than in one (1) lump sum.
- (d) The budget agency shall adjust the certified distribution of a county to correct for any clerical or mathematical errors made in any previous certification under this section. The budget agency may reduce the amount of the certified distribution over several calendar years so that any adjustment under this subsection is offset over several years rather than in one (1) lump sum.
- (e) This subsection applies to a county that imposes, increases, decreases, or rescinds a tax or tax rate under this chapter before November 1 in the same calendar year in which the budget agency makes a certification under this section. The budget agency shall adjust the certified distribution of a county to provide for a distribution in the immediately following calendar year and in each calendar year thereafter. The budget agency shall provide for a full transition to certification of distributions as provided in subsection (a)(1) through (a)(2) in the manner provided in subsection (c). If the county imposes, increases, decreases, or rescinds a tax or tax rate under this chapter after the date for which a certification under subsection (b) is based, the budget agency shall adjust the certified distribution of the county after September 30 of the calendar year. The adjustment shall reflect any other adjustment required under subsections (c), (d), and (f). The adjusted certification shall be treated as the county's "certified distribution" for the immediately succeeding calendar year. The budget agency shall certify the adjusted certified distribution to the county auditor for the county and provide the county council with an informative summary of the calculations that revises the informative summary provided in subsection (b) and reflects the changes made in



1	the adjustment.
2	(f) This subsection applies in the year a county initially imposes a
3	tax rate under section 30 of this chapter. Notwithstanding any other
4	provision, the budget agency shall adjust the part of the county's
5	certified distribution that is attributable to the tax rate under section 30
6	of this chapter to provide for a distribution in the immediately
7	following calendar year equal to the result of:
8	(1) the sum of the amounts determined under STEP ONE through
9	STEP FOUR of IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(a) IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in the year in
0	which the county initially imposes a tax rate under section 30 or
1	this chapter; multiplied by
2	(2) the following:
2 3	(A) In a county containing a consolidated city, one and
4	five-tenths (1.5).
5	(B) In a county other than a county containing a consolidated
6	city, two (2).
7	(g) One-twelfth (1/12) of each adopting county's certified
8	distribution for a calendar year shall be distributed from its accoun
9	established under section 16 of this chapter to the appropriate county
0	treasurer on the first regular business day of each month of tha
1	calendar year.
2	(h) Upon receipt, each monthly payment of a county's certified
3	distribution shall be allocated among, distributed to, and used by the
4	civil taxing units of the county as provided in sections 18 and 19 of this
5	chapter.
6	(i) All distributions from an account established under section 16 o
7	this chapter shall be made by warrants issued by the auditor of state to
8	the treasurer of state ordering the appropriate payments.
9	(j) The budget agency shall before May 1 of every odd-numbered
0 1	year publish an estimate of the statewide total amount of certified
2	distributions to be made under this chapter during the following two (2) calendar years.
3	•
<i>3</i>	(k) The budget agency shall before May 1 of every even-numbered year publish an estimate of the statewide total amount of certified
5	distributions to be made under this chapter during the following
6	calendar year.
7	(l) The estimates under subsections (j) and (k) must specify the
8	amount of the estimated certified distributions that are attributable to
9	the additional rate authorized under section 30 of this chapter, the
0	additional rate authorized under section 30 of this chapter, the
1	additional rate authorized under section 32 of this chapter, and any
2	other additional rates outherized under this chapter, and any



1	SECTION 7. IC 6-3.5-6-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.135-2011,
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 18. (a) The revenue a county auditor receives
4	under this chapter shall be used to:
5	(1) replace the amount, if any, of property tax revenue lost due to
6	the allowance of an increased homestead credit within the county;
7	(2) fund the operation of a public communications system and
8	computer facilities district as provided in an election, if any, made
9	by the county fiscal body under IC 36-8-15-19(b);
10	(3) fund the operation of a public transportation corporation as
11	provided in an election, if any, made by the county fiscal body
12	under IC 36-9-4-42;
13	(4) fund the operation of a public library in a county containing a
14	consolidated city as provided in an election, if any, made by the
15	county fiscal body under IC 36-3-7-6;
16	(5) make payments permitted under IC 36-7-14-25.5 or
17	IC 36-7-15.1-17.5;
18	(6) make payments permitted under subsection (i);
19	(7) make distributions of distributive shares to the civil taxing
20	units of a county; and
21	(8) make the distributions permitted under sections 27, 28, 29, 30,
22	31, 32, and 33 of this chapter; and
23	(9) fund a public transportation project approved under
24	IC 8-25-2, if any.
25	(b) The county auditor shall retain from the payments of the county's
26	certified distribution, an amount equal to the revenue lost, if any, due
27	to the increase of the homestead credit within the county. This money
28	shall be distributed to the civil taxing units and school corporations of
29	the county as though they were property tax collections and in such a
30	manner that no civil taxing unit or school corporation shall suffer a net
31	revenue loss due to the allowance of an increased homestead credit.
32	(c) The county auditor shall retain:
33	(1) the amount, if any, specified by the county fiscal body for a
34	particular calendar year under subsection (i), IC 36-3-7-6,
35	IC 36-7-14-25.5, IC 36-7-15.1-17.5, IC 36-8-15-19(b), and
36	IC 36-9-4-42 from the county's certified distribution for that same
37	calendar year; and
38	(2) the amount of an additional tax rate imposed under section 27,
39	28, 29, 30, 31, 32, or 33 of this chapter.
40	The county auditor shall distribute amounts retained under this
41	subsection to the county.

(d) All certified distribution revenues that are not retained and



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- distributed under subsections (b) and (c) shall be distributed to the civil taxing units of the county as distributive shares.
- (e) The amount of distributive shares that each civil taxing unit in a county is entitled to receive during a month equals the product of the following:
 - (1) The amount of revenue that is to be distributed as distributive shares during that month; multiplied by
 - (2) A fraction. The numerator of the fraction equals the allocation amount for the civil taxing unit for the calendar year in which the month falls. The denominator of the fraction equals the sum of the allocation amounts of all the civil taxing units of the county for the calendar year in which the month falls.
- (f) The department of local government finance shall provide each county auditor with the fractional amount of distributive shares that each civil taxing unit in the auditor's county is entitled to receive monthly under this section.
- (g) Notwithstanding subsection (e), if a civil taxing unit of an adopting county does not impose a property tax levy that is first due and payable in a calendar year in which distributive shares are being distributed under this section, that civil taxing unit is entitled to receive a part of the revenue to be distributed as distributive shares under this section within the county. The fractional amount such a civil taxing unit is entitled to receive each month during that calendar year equals the product of the following:
 - (1) The amount to be distributed as distributive shares during that month; multiplied by
 - (2) A fraction. The numerator of the fraction equals the budget of that civil taxing unit for that calendar year. The denominator of the fraction equals the aggregate budgets of all civil taxing units of that county for that calendar year.
- (h) If for a calendar year a civil taxing unit is allocated a part of a county's distributive shares by subsection (g), then the formula used in subsection (e) to determine all other civil taxing units' distributive shares shall be changed each month for that same year by reducing the amount to be distributed as distributive shares under subsection (e) by the amount of distributive shares allocated under subsection (g) for that same month. The department of local government finance shall make any adjustments required by this subsection and provide them to the appropriate county auditors.
- (i) Notwithstanding any other law, a county fiscal body may pledge revenues received under this chapter (other than revenues attributable to a tax rate imposed under section 30, 31, or 32 of this chapter **for**



property tax relief or public safety) to the payment of bonds or lease rentals to finance a qualified economic development tax project under IC 36-7-27 in that county or in any other county if the county fiscal body determines that the project will promote significant opportunities for the gainful employment or retention of employment of the county's residents.

SECTION 8. IC 6-3.5-6-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2007, SECTION 82, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 26. (a) A pledge of county option income tax revenues **received** under this chapter (other than revenues attributable to a tax rate imposed under section 30, 31, or 32 of this chapter **for property tax relief or public safety)** is enforceable in accordance with IC 5-1-14.

(b) With respect to obligations for which a pledge has been made under this chapter, the general assembly covenants with the county and the purchasers or owners of those obligations that this chapter will not be repealed or amended in any manner that will adversely affect the tax collected under this chapter as long as the principal of or interest on those obligations is unpaid.

SECTION 9. IC 6-3.5-6-30, AS AMENDED BY P.L.261-2013, SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 30. (a) In a county in which the county option income tax is in effect, the county income tax council may adopt an ordinance to impose or increase (as applicable) a tax rate under this section.

- (b) In a county in which neither the county option adjusted gross income tax nor the county option income tax is in effect, the county income tax council may adopt an ordinance to impose a tax rate under this section.
- (c) If a county income tax council adopts an ordinance to impose or increase a tax rate under this section, not more than ten (10) days after the vote, the county auditor shall send a certified copy of the ordinance to the commissioner of the department, the director of the budget agency, and the commissioner of the department of local government finance in an electronic format approved by the director of the budget agency.
- (d) A tax rate under this section is in addition to any other tax rates imposed under this chapter and does not affect the purposes for which other tax revenue under this chapter may be used.
- (e) Except as provided in subsection (u), the following apply only in the year in which a county income tax council first imposes a tax rate under this section:



(1) The county income tax council shall, in the ordinance
imposing the tax rate, specify the tax rate for each of the
following two (2) years.
(2) The tax rate that must be imposed in the county in the first
year is equal to the result of:
(A) the tax rate determined for the county under
IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(a) IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in that year; multiplied by
(B) the following:
(i) In a county containing a consolidated city, one and
five-tenths (1.5).
(ii) In a county other than a county containing a consolidated
city, two (2).
(3) The tax rate that must be imposed in the county in the second
year is the tax rate determined for the county under
$\frac{1}{1}$ C 6-3.5-1.5-1(b). IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(c). The tax rate under this
subdivision continues in effect in later years unless the tax rate is
increased under this section.
(4) The levy limitations in IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(b), IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(c),
IC 12-19-7-4(b) (before its repeal), IC 12-19-7.5-6(b) (before its
repeal), and IC 12-29-2-2(c) apply to property taxes first due and
payable in the ensuing calendar year and to property taxes first
due and payable in the calendar year after the ensuing calendar
year.
(f) Except as provided in subsection (u), the following apply only
in a year in which a county income tax council increases a tax rate
under this section:
(1) The county income tax council shall, in the ordinance
increasing the tax rate, specify the tax rate for the following year.
(2) The tax rate that must be imposed in the county is equal to the
result of:
(A) the tax rate determined for the county under
$\frac{1C}{6-3.5-1.5-1(a)}$ IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in the year the tax rate is
increased; plus
(B) the tax rate currently in effect in the county under this
section.
The tax rate under this subdivision continues in effect in later
years unless the tax rate is increased under this section.
(3) The levy limitations in IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(b), IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(c),
IC 12-19-7-4(b) (before its repeal), IC 12-19-7.5-6(b) (before its
repeal), and IC 12-29-2-2(c) apply to property taxes first due and
payable in the ensuing calendar year.
(g) Except as provided in subsection (u), the department of local



l	government finance shall determine the following property tax
2	replacement distribution amounts:
3	STEP ONE: Determine the sum of the amounts determined under
4	STEP ONE through STEP FOUR of IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(a)
5	IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) for the county in the preceding year.
6	STEP TWO: For distribution to each civil taxing unit that in the
7	year had a maximum permissible property tax levy limited under
8	IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(b), determine the result of:
9	(1) the quotient of:
10	(A) the part of the amount determined under STEP ONE of
11	IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(a) IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in the preceding year
12	that was attributable to the civil taxing unit; divided by
13	(B) the STEP ONE amount; multiplied by
14	(2) the tax revenue received by the county treasurer under this
15	section.
16	STEP THREE: For distributions in 2009 and thereafter, the result
17	of this STEP is zero (0). For distribution to the county for deposit
18	in the county family and children's fund before 2009, determine
19	the result of:
20	(1) the quotient of:
21	(A) the amount determined under STEP TWO of
22	$\frac{1C}{6-3.5-1.5-1(a)}$ IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in the preceding year;
23	divided by
24 25	(B) the STEP ONE amount; multiplied by
25	(2) the tax revenue received by the county treasurer under this
26	section.
27	STEP FOUR: For distributions in 2009 and thereafter, the result
28	of this STEP is zero (0). For distribution to the county for deposit
29	in the county children's psychiatric residential treatment services
30	fund before 2009, determine the result of:
31	(1) the quotient of:
32	(A) the amount determined under STEP THREE of
33	$\frac{1C}{1}$ 6-3.5-1.5-1(a) IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in the preceding year;
34	divided by
35	(B) the STEP ONE amount; multiplied by
36	(2) the tax revenue received by the county treasurer under this
37	section.
38	STEP FIVE: For distribution to the county for community mental
39	health center purposes, determine the result of:
40	(1) the quotient of:
41	(A) the amount determined under STEP FOUR of
42	IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(a) IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) in the preceding year:



1	divided by
2	(B) the STEP ONE amount; multiplied by
3	(2) the tax revenue received by the county treasurer under this
4	section.
5	Except as provided in subsection (m), the county treasurer shall
6	distribute the portion of the certified distribution that is attributable to
7	a tax rate under this section as specified in this section. The county
8	treasurer shall make the distributions under this subsection at the same
9	time that distributions are made to civil taxing units under section 18
10	of this chapter.
11	(h) Notwithstanding sections 12 and 12.5 of this chapter, a county
12	income tax council may not decrease or rescind a tax rate imposed
13	under this section.
14	(i) The tax rate under this section shall not be considered for
15	purposes of computing:
16	(1) the maximum income tax rate that may be imposed in a county
17	under section 8 or 9 of this chapter or any other provision of this
18	chapter; or
19	(2) the maximum permissible property tax levy under
20	IC 6-1.1-18.5-3.
21	(j) The tax levy under this section shall not be considered for
22	purposes of the credit under IC 6-1.1-20.6.
23	(k) Except as provided in subsections (t) and (u), a distribution
24	under this section shall be treated as a part of the receiving civil taxing
25	unit's property tax levy for that year for purposes of fixing its budget
26	and for determining the distribution of taxes that are distributed on the
27	basis of property tax levies.
28	(1) If a county income tax council imposes a tax rate under this
29	section (other than a tax rate imposed under subsection (t)), the
30	county option income tax rate dedicated to locally funded homestead
31	credits in the county may not be decreased.
32	(m) In the year following the year in which a county first imposes
33	a tax rate under this section:
34	(1) one-third $(1/3)$ of the tax revenue that is attributable to the tax
35	rate under this section must be deposited in the county
36	stabilization fund established under subsection (o), in the case of
37	a county containing a consolidated city; and
38	(2) one-half $(1/2)$ of the tax revenue that is attributable to the tax
39	rate under this section (other than a tax rate imposed under
40	subsection (t)) must be deposited in the county stabilization fund
41	established under subsection (o), in the case of a county not
42	containing a consolidated city.



1	(n) Except as provided in subsection (t) and IC 8-25, a pledge of
2	county option income taxes does not apply to revenue attributable to a
3	tax rate under this section.
4	(o) Except as provided in subsections (t) and (u), a county
5	stabilization fund is established in each county that imposes a tax rate
6	under this section. The county stabilization fund shall be administered
7	by the county auditor. If for a year the certified distributions
8	attributable to a tax rate under this section exceed the amount
9	calculated under STEP ONE through STEP FOUR of IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(a)
10	IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) that is used by the department of local government
11	finance and the department of state revenue to determine the tax rate
12	under this section, the excess shall be deposited in the county
13	stabilization fund. Money shall be distributed from the county
14	stabilization fund in a year by the county auditor to political
15	subdivisions entitled to a distribution of tax revenue attributable to the
16	tax rate under this section if:
17	(1) the certified distributions attributable to a tax rate under this
18	section are less than the amount calculated under STEP ONE
19	through STEP FOUR of IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(a) IC 6-3.5-1.5-1(b) that
20	is used by the department of local government finance and the
21	department of state revenue to determine the tax rate under this
22	section for a year; or
23	(2) the certified distributions attributable to a tax rate under this
24	section in a year are less than the certified distributions
25	attributable to a tax rate under this section in the preceding year.
26	However, subdivision (2) does not apply to the year following the first
27	year in which certified distributions of revenue attributable to the tax
28	rate under this section are distributed to the county.
29	(p) Notwithstanding any other provision, a tax rate imposed under
30	this section may not exceed one percent (1%).
31	(q) Except as provided in subsection (u), a county income tax
32	council must each year hold at least one (1) public meeting at which
33	the county council discusses whether the tax rate under this section
34	should be imposed or increased.
35	(r) The department of local government finance and the department
36	of state revenue may take any actions necessary to carry out the
37	purposes of this section.
38	(s) Notwithstanding any other provision, in:
39	(1) Lake County;
40	(2) Delaware County; and
41	(3) Madison County;
42	the county council (and not the county income tax council) is the entity



1	authorized to take actions concerning the additional tax rate under this
2	section.
3	(t) This subsection applies only to Delaware County and
4	Madison County. If the voters of a county approve a local public
5	question under IC 8-25-2, the fiscal body of the county may, after
6	at least one (1) public meeting, adopt an ordinance to provide for
7	the use of county option income tax revenue attributable to an
8	additional tax rate imposed under this subsection to fund a public
9	transportation project under IC 8-25. An ordinance adopted under
10	this subsection must specify an additional tax rate to be imposed in
11	the county of at least one-tenth percent (0.1%), but not more than
12	twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%). If an ordinance is
13	adopted under this subsection, the amount of the certified
14	distribution attributable to the additional tax rate imposed under
15	this subsection must be:
16	(1) retained by the county auditor;
17	(2) deposited in the county public transportation project fund
18	established under IC 8-25-3-7; and
19	(3) used for the purpose provided in this subsection instead of
20	as a property tax replacement distribution.
21	(u) The following do not apply to an additional tax rate imposed
22	under subsection (t):
23	(1) Subsection (e).
24	(2) Subsection (f).
25	(3) Subsection (g).
26	(4) Subsection (k).
27	(5) Subsection (n).
28	(6) Subsection (o).
29	(7) Subsection (q).
30	SECTION 10. IC 6-3.5-7-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.261-2013,
31	SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), the
33	county economic development income tax may be imposed on the
34	adjusted gross income of county taxpayers. Except as provided in
35	section 26(m) of this chapter, the entity that may impose the tax is:
36	(1) the county income tax council (as defined in IC 6-3.5-6-1) if
37	the county option income tax is in effect on October 1 of the year
38	the county economic development income tax is imposed;
39	(2) the county council if the county adjusted gross income tax is

in effect on October 1 of the year the county economic

(3) the county income tax council or the county council,

development tax is imposed; or



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1	whichever acts first, for a county not covered by subdivision (1)
2	or (2).
3	To impose the county economic development income tax, a county
4	income tax council shall use the procedures set forth in IC 6-3.5-6
5	concerning the imposition of the county option income tax.
6	(b) Except as provided in this section and section 28 of this chapter,
7	the county economic development income tax may be imposed at a rate
8	of:
9	(1) one-tenth percent (0.1%);
10	(2) two-tenths percent (0.2%);
11	(3) twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%);
12	(4) three-tenths percent (0.3%);
13	(5) thirty-five hundredths percent (0.35%);
14	(6) four-tenths percent (0.4%);
15	(7) forty-five hundredths percent (0.45%); or
16	(8) five-tenths percent (0.5%);
17	on the adjusted gross income of county taxpayers.
18	(c) Except as provided in this section, the county economic
19	development income tax rate plus the county adjusted gross income tax
20	rate, if any, that are in effect on January 1 of a year may not exceed one
21	and twenty-five hundredths percent (1.25%). Except as provided in this
21 22 23	section, the county economic development tax rate plus the county
23	option income tax rate, if any, that are in effect on January 1 of a year
24	may not exceed one percent (1%).
25	(d) To impose, increase, decrease, or rescind the county economic
26	development income tax, the appropriate body must adopt an
27	ordinance.
28	(e) The ordinance to impose the tax must substantially state the
29	following:
30	"The County imposes the county economic
31	development income tax on the county taxpayers of
32	County. The county economic development income tax is imposed at
33	a rate of percent (%) on the county taxpayers of the
34	county.".
35	(f) The auditor of a county shall record all votes taken on ordinances
36	presented for a vote under the authority of this chapter and shall, not
37	more than ten (10) days after the vote, send a certified copy of the
38	results to the commissioner of the department, the director of the
39	budget agency, and the commissioner of the department of local
40	government finance in an electronic format approved by the director of
41	the budget agency.
42	(g) For Jackson County, except as provided in subsection (o), the



county economic development income tax rate plus the county adjusted

2	gross income tax rate that are in effect on January 1 of a year may not
3	exceed one and thirty-five hundredths percent (1.35%) if the county has
4	imposed the county adjusted gross income tax at a rate of one and
5	one-tenth percent (1.1%) under IC 6-3.5-1.1-2.5.
6	(h) For Pulaski County, except as provided in subsection (o), the
7	county economic development income tax rate plus the county adjusted
8	gross income tax rate that are in effect on January 1 of a year may not
9	exceed one and fifty-five hundredths percent (1.55%).
10	(i) For Wayne County, except as provided in subsection (o), the
11	county economic development income tax rate plus the county adjusted
12	gross income tax rate that are in effect on January 1 of a year may not
13	exceed one and five-tenths percent (1.5%).
14	(j) This subsection applies to Randolph County. Except as provided
15	in subsection (o), in addition to the rates permitted under subsection
16	(b):
17	(1) the county economic development income tax may be imposed
18	at a rate of twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%); and
19	(2) the sum of the county economic development income tax rate
20	and the county adjusted gross income tax rate that are in effect on
21	January 1 of a year may not exceed one and five-tenths percent
22	(1.5%);
23	if the county council makes a determination to impose rates under this
24	subsection and section 22.5 of this chapter.
25	(k) For Daviess County, except as provided in subsection (o), the
26	county economic development income tax rate plus the county adjusted
27	gross income tax rate that are in effect on January 1 of a year may not
28	exceed one and five-tenths percent (1.5%).
29	(1) For:
30	(1) Elkhart County; or
31	(2) Marshall County;
32	except as provided in subsection (o), the county economic development
33	income tax rate plus the county adjusted gross income tax rate that are
34	in effect on January 1 of a year may not exceed one and five-tenths
35	percent (1.5%).
36	(m) For Union County, except as provided in subsection (o), the
37	county economic development income tax rate plus the county adjusted
38	gross income tax rate that are in effect on January 1 of a year may not
39	exceed one and five-tenths percent (1.5%).
40	(n) This subsection applies to Knox County. Except as provided in
41	subsection (o), in addition to the rates permitted under subsection (b):
42	(1) the county economic development income tax may be imposed



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1 2	at a rate of twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%); and
3	(2) the sum of the county economic development income tax rate
	and:
4	(A) the county adjusted gross income tax rate that are in effect
5	on January 1 of a year may not exceed one and five-tenths
6	percent (1.5%); or
7	(B) the county option income tax rate that are in effect on
8	January 1 of a year may not exceed one and twenty-five
9	hundredths percent (1.25%);
10	if the county council makes a determination to impose rates under this
11	subsection and section 24 of this chapter.
12	(o) This subsection applies to a county in which an adopting
13	entity approves the use of the certified distribution for property tax $% \left(x\right) =\left(x\right) +\left($
14	relief under section 26(c) and 26(e) of this chapter or to a county in
15	which the county fiscal body approves the use of the certified
16	distribution to fund a public transportation project under section
17	26(m) of this chapter. In addition:
18	(1) the county economic development income tax may be imposed
19	at a rate that exceeds by not more than twenty-five hundredths
20	percent (0.25%) the maximum rate that would otherwise apply
21	under this section; and
22	(2) the:
23	(A) county economic development income tax; and
24	(B) county option income tax or county adjusted gross income
25	tax;
26	may be imposed at combined rates that exceed by not more than
27	twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%) the maximum combined
28	rates that would otherwise apply under this section.
29	However, Except as provided in section 5.5 of this chapter, the
30	additional rate imposed under this subsection may not exceed the
31	amount necessary to mitigate the increased ad valorem property taxes
32	on homesteads (as defined in IC 6-1.1-20.9-1 (repealed) before January
33	1, 2009, or IC 6-1.1-12-37 after December 31, 2008) or residential
34	property (as defined in section 26 of this chapter), as appropriate under
35	the ordinance adopted by the adopting body in the county, resulting
36	from the deduction of the assessed value of inventory in the county
37	under IC 6-1.1-12-41 or IC 6-1.1-12-42 or from the exclusion in 2008
38	of inventory from the definition of personal property in IC 6-1.1-1-11.
39	(p) If the county economic development income tax is imposed as
40	authorized under subsection (o) at a rate that exceeds the maximum
41	rate that would otherwise apply under this section, the certified
42	distribution must be used for the a purpose provided in section 26 of



1	this chapter to the extent that the certified distribution results from the
2	difference between:
3	(1) the actual county economic development tax rate; and
4	(2) the maximum rate that would otherwise apply under this
5	section.
6	(q) This subsection applies only to a county described in section 27
7	of this chapter. Except as provided in subsection (o), in addition to the
8	rates permitted by subsection (b), the:
9	(1) county economic development income tax may be imposed at
10	a rate of twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%); and
11	(2) county economic development income tax rate plus the county
12	option income tax rate that are in effect on January 1 of a year
13	may equal up to one and twenty-five hundredths percent (1.25%);
14	if the county council makes a determination to impose rates under this
15	subsection and section 27 of this chapter.
16	(r) Except as provided in subsection (o), the county economic
17	development income tax rate plus the county adjusted gross income tax
18	rate that are in effect on January 1 of a year may not exceed one and
19	five-tenths percent (1.5%) if the county has imposed the county
20	adjusted gross income tax under IC 6-3.5-1.1-3.3.
21	(s) This subsection applies to Howard County. Except as provided
22	in subsection (o), the sum of the county economic development income
23	tax rate and the county option income tax rate that are in effect on
24	January 1 of a year may not exceed one and twenty-five hundredths
25	percent (1.25%).
26	(t) This subsection applies to Scott County. Except as provided in
27	subsection (o), the sum of the county economic development income
28	tax rate and the county option income tax rate that are in effect on
29	January 1 of a year may not exceed one and twenty-five hundredths
30	percent (1.25%).
31	(u) This subsection applies to Jasper County. Except as provided in
32	subsection (o), the sum of the county economic development income
33	tax rate and the county adjusted gross income tax rate that are in effect
34	on January 1 of a year may not exceed one and five-tenths percent
35	(1.5%).
36	(v) An additional county economic development income tax rate
37	imposed under section 28 of this chapter may not be considered in
38	calculating any limit under this section on the sum of:
39	(1) the county economic development income tax rate plus the
40	county adjusted gross income tax rate; or
41	(2) the county economic development tax rate plus the county



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option income tax rate.

- 1 (w) The income tax rate limits imposed by subsection (c) or (x) or 2 any other provision of this chapter do not apply to: 3 (1) a county adjusted gross income tax rate imposed under 4 IC 6-3.5-1.1-24, IC 6-3.5-1.1-25, or IC 6-3.5-1.1-26; or 5 (2) a county option income tax rate imposed under IC 6-3.5-6-30, 6 IC 6-3.5-6-31, or IC 6-3.5-6-32. For purposes of computing the maximum combined income tax rate 7 8 under subsection (c) or (x) or any other provision of this chapter that 9 may be imposed in a county under IC 6-3.5-1.1, IC 6-3.5-6, and this 10 chapter, a county's county adjusted gross income tax rate or county option income tax rate for a particular year does not include the county 11 12 adjusted gross income tax rate imposed under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24, 13 IC 6-3.5-1.1-25, or IC 6-3.5-1.1-26 or the county option income tax rate 14 imposed under IC 6-3.5-6-30, IC 6-3.5-6-31, or IC 6-3.5-6-32. 15 (x) This subsection applies to Monroe County. Except as provided 16 in subsection (o), if an ordinance is adopted under IC 6-3.5-6-33, the 17 sum of the county economic development income tax rate and the 18 county option income tax rate that are in effect on January 1 of a year 19 may not exceed one and twenty-five hundredths percent (1.25%). 20 (y) This subsection applies to Perry County. Except as provided in 21 subsection (o), if an ordinance is adopted under section 27.5 of this 22 chapter, the county economic development income tax rate plus the 23 county option income tax rate that is in effect on January 1 of a year 24 may not exceed one and seventy-five hundredths percent (1.75%). 25 (z) This subsection applies to Starke County. Except as provided in
 - subsection (o), if an ordinance is adopted under section 27.6 of this chapter, the county economic development income tax rate plus the county adjusted gross income tax rate that is in effect on January 1 of a year may not exceed two percent (2%).

SECTION 11. IC 6-3.5-7-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: **Sec. 5.5. (a) This section applies to Hamilton County and Marion County.**

- (b) If an additional tax rate is imposed under section 5(o) of this chapter:
 - (1) by a county subject to this section; and
- (2) for the purpose described in section 26(m) of this chapter; the additional tax rate is not subject to the limitations set forth in section 5(o) of this chapter that relate to increased ad valorem property taxes on homesteads or residential property resulting from the exclusion of inventory from the definition of personal property in IC 6-1.1-1-11.



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1	SECTION 12. IC 6-3.5-7-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2012,
2	SECTION 105, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 26. (a) This section applies only to
4	the following:
5	(1) Taxes imposed under this chapter to provide homestead
6	and property tax replacement credits for property taxes first due
7	and payable after calendar year 2006.
8	(2) Taxes imposed under this chapter to fund a public
9	transportation project under subsection (m).
10	(b) The following definitions apply throughout this section:
11	(1) "Adopt" includes amend.
12	(2) "Adopting entity" means:
13	(A) the entity that adopts an ordinance under
14	IC 6-1.1-12-41(f); or
15	(B) any other entity that may impose a county economic
16	development income tax under section 5 of this chapter.
17	(3) "Homestead" refers to tangible property that is eligible for a
18	homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) or the standard
19	deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37.
20	(4) "Residential" refers to the following:
21	(A) Real property, a mobile home, and industrialized housing
22	that would qualify as a homestead if the taxpayer had filed for
23	a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) or the
24	standard deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37.
25	(B) Real property not described in clause (A) designed to
26	provide units that are regularly used to rent or otherwise
27	furnish residential accommodations for periods of thirty (30)
28	days or more, regardless of whether the tangible property is
29	subject to assessment under rules of the department of local
30	government finance that apply to:
31	(i) residential property; or
32	(ii) commercial property.
33	(c) This subsection does not apply to a county in which the
34	county fiscal body adopts an ordinance to provide for the use of the
35	certified distribution described in section 16 of this chapter to fund
36	a public transportation project under IC 8-25. An adopting entity
37	may adopt an ordinance to provide for the use of the certified
38	distribution described in section 16 of this chapter for the purpose
39	provided in subsection (e). An adopting entity that adopts an ordinance
10	under this subsection shall use the procedures set forth in IC 6-3.5-6
1 1	concerning the adoption of an ordinance for the imposition of the
12	county option income tax. The ordinance may provide for an additional



1	rate under section 5(o) of this chapter. An ordinance adopted under this
2 3	subsection:
	(1) first applies to the certified distribution described in section 16
4	of this chapter made in the later of the calendar year tha
5	immediately succeeds the calendar year in which the ordinance is
6	adopted or calendar year 2007; and
7	(2) must specify that the certified distribution must be used to
8	provide for one (1) of the following, as determined by the
9	adopting entity:
10	(A) Uniformly applied homestead credits as provided in
11	subsection (f).
12	(B) Uniformly applied residential credits as provided in
13	subsection (g).
14	(C) Allocated homestead credits as provided in subsection (i)
15	(D) Allocated residential credits as provided in subsection (j)
16	An ordinance adopted under this subsection may be combined with an
17	ordinance adopted under section 25 of this chapter (before its repeal)
18	(d) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (c), the percentage
19	of the certified distribution specified in the ordinance for use for the
20	purpose provided in subsection (e) shall be:
21	(1) retained by the county auditor under subsection (k); and
22	(2) used for the purpose provided in subsection (e) instead of the
23	purposes specified in the capital improvement plans adopted
24	under section 15 of this chapter.
25	(e) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (c), the adopting
26	entity shall use the certified distribution described in section 16 of this
27	chapter to provide:
28	(1) if the ordinance grants a credit described in subsection
29	(c)(2)(A) or (c)(2)(C), a homestead credit for homesteads; or
30	(2) if the ordinance grants a credit described in subsection
31	(c)(2)(B) or (c)(2)(D), a property tax replacement credit for
32	residential property;
33	for property taxes to offset the effect on homesteads or residentia
34	property, as applicable, in the county resulting from the statewide
35	deduction for inventory under IC 6-1.1-12-42 or from the exclusion in
36	2008 of inventory from the definition of personal property in
37	IC 6-1.1-1-11. The amount of a residential property tax replacemen
38	credit granted under this section may not be considered in computing
39	the amount of any homestead credit to which the residential property
40	may be entitled under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (before its repeal) or another law
41	other than IC 6-1.1-20.6.

(f) If the imposing entity specifies the application of uniform



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1	homestead credits under subsection (c)(2)(A), the county auditor shall,
2	for each calendar year in which a homestead credit percentage is
3	authorized under this section, determine:
4	(1) the amount of the certified distribution that is available to
5	provide a homestead credit percentage under this section for the
6	year;
7	(2) the amount of uniformly applied homestead credits for the
8	year in the county that equals the amount determined under
9	subdivision (1); and
0	(3) the percentage of homestead credit under this section that
1	equates to the amount of homestead credits determined under
2	subdivision (2).
3	(g) If the imposing entity specifies the application of uniform
4	residential credits under subsection (c)(2)(B), the county auditor shall
5	determine for each calendar year in which a homestead credit
6	percentage is authorized under this section:
7	(1) the amount of the certified distribution that is available to
8	provide a residential property tax replacement credit percentage
9	for the year;
20	(2) the amount of uniformly applied residential property tax
1	replacement credits for the year in the county that equals the
22 23 24 25	amount determined under subdivision (1); and
23	(3) the percentage of residential property tax replacement credit
.4	under this section that equates to the amount of residential
2.5	property tax replacement credits determined under subdivision
26	(2).
27	(h) The percentage of homestead credit determined by the county
28	auditor under subsection (f) or the percentage of residential property
.9	tax replacement credit determined by the county auditor under
0	subsection (g) applies uniformly in the county in the calendar year for
1	which the percentage is determined.
52	(i) If the imposing entity specifies the application of allocated
3	homestead credits under subsection (c)(2)(C), the county auditor shall,
4	for each calendar year in which a homestead credit is authorized under
55	this section, determine:
66	(1) the amount of the certified distribution that is available to
7	provide a homestead credit under this section for the year; and
8	(2) except as provided in subsection (1), a percentage of
9	homestead credit for each taxing district in the county that
0	allocates to the taxing district an amount of homestead credits that
-1	bears the same proportion to the amount determined under
-2	subdivision (1) that the amount of inventory assessed value



- 1 deducted under IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the taxing district for the 2 assessment date in 2006 bears to the total inventory assessed 3 value deducted under IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the county for the 4 assessment date in 2006. 5 (j) If the imposing entity specifies the application of allocated 6 residential property tax replacement credits under subsection (c)(2)(D), 7 the county auditor shall determine for each calendar year in which a 8 residential property tax replacement credit is authorized under this 9 section: 10 (1) the amount of the certified distribution that is available to provide a residential property tax replacement credit under this section for the year; and 12 13
 - (2) except as provided in subsection (1), a percentage of residential property tax replacement credit for each taxing district in the county that allocates to the taxing district an amount of residential property tax replacement credits that bears the same proportion to the amount determined under subdivision (1) that the amount of inventory assessed value deducted under IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the taxing district for the assessment date in 2006 bears to the total inventory assessed value deducted under IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the county for the assessment date in 2006.
 - (k) This subsection does not apply to a county in which the county fiscal body adopts an ordinance to provide for the use of the certified distribution described in section 16 of this chapter to fund a public transportation project under IC 8-25. The county auditor shall retain from the payments of the county's certified distribution an amount equal to the revenue lost, if any, due to the homestead credit or residential property tax replacement credit provided under this section within the county. The money shall be distributed to the civil taxing units and school corporations of the county:
 - (1) as if the money were from property tax collections; and
 - (2) in such a manner that no civil taxing unit or school corporation will suffer a net revenue loss because of the allowance of a homestead credit or residential property tax replacement credit under this section.
 - (1) This subsection does not apply to a county in which the county fiscal body adopts an ordinance to provide for the use of the certified distribution described in section 16 of this chapter to fund a public transportation project under IC 8-25. Subject to the approval of the imposing entity, the county auditor may adjust the increased percentage of:
 - (1) homestead credit determined under subsection (i)(2) if the



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county auditor determines that the adjustment is necessary to

2	achieve an equitable reduction of property taxes among the
3	homesteads in the county; or
4	(2) residential property tax replacement credit determined under
5	subsection (j)(2) if the county auditor determines that the
6	adjustment is necessary to achieve an equitable reduction of
7	property taxes among the residential property in the county.
8	(m) This section applies to Hamilton County and Marion
9	County. If the voters of a county approve a local public question
10	under IC 8-25-2, the fiscal body of the county may adopt an
11	ordinance to provide for the use of the certified distribution
12	described in section 16 of this chapter to fund a public
13	transportation project under IC 8-25. An ordinance adopted under
14	this subsection must specify an additional tax rate to be imposed in
15	the county of at least one-tenth percent (0.1%), but not more than
16	twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%). If an ordinance is
17	adopted under this subsection, the amount of the certified
18	distribution attributable to the additional tax rate specified in the
19	ordinance and authorized by section 5(o) of this chapter to fund a
20	public transportation project under IC 8-25 must be:
21	(1) retained by the county auditor; and
22	(2) used for the purpose provided in this subsection instead of
23	the purposes specified in the capital improvement plan
24	adopted under section 15 of this chapter.
25	SECTION 13. IC 6-3.5-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
26	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2014]:
28	Chapter 10. County Corporate Income Tax
29	Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to an eligible county.
30	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "adjusted gross income" has the
31	meaning set forth in IC 6-3-1-3.5(b).
32	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "corporation" means a
33	corporation that is:
34	(1) organized for profit;
35	(2) incorporated under or subject to IC 23-1; and
36	(3) commonly known as a C corporation.
37	The term does not include a corporation that is exempt from the
38	adjusted gross income tax under IC 6-3-2-2.8(2).
39	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "department" means the Indiana
40	department of state revenue.
41	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "doing business within the

county" means employing at least one (1) individual to work, in



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2014

1	whole or in part, within the county and doing at least one (1) of the
2	following:
3	(1) Maintaining a fixed place of business in the county.
4	(2) Owning or leasing property within the county.
5	(3) Maintaining a stock of tangible personal property within
6	the county.
7	(4) Employing or loaning capital or property within the
8	county.
9	(5) Employing persons as employees or independent
10	contractors to solicit business within the county.
11	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "eligible county" means one (1)
12	or more of the following counties:
13	(1) Delaware County.
14	(2) Hamilton County.
15	(3) Johnson County.
16	(4) Madison County.
17	(5) Marion County.
18	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "fiscal body" means:
19	(1) the county council of a county not having a consolidated
20	city; or
21	(2) the city-county council of a county having a consolidated
22	city.
23 24	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "public transportation project"
	has the meaning set forth in IC 8-25-1-6.
25	Sec. 9. (a) If the voters of an eligible county approve a local
26	public question under IC 8-25-2, the fiscal body of the eligible
27	county may adopt an ordinance to impose the county corporate
28	income tax on corporations doing business within the county.
29	(b) The fiscal body may impose the county corporate income tax
30	on the corporation's adjusted gross income attributable to the
31	eligible county (as determined under section 10 of this chapter).
32	(c) If the fiscal body adopts an ordinance under this section, the
33	county corporate income tax must be imposed each year at a rate
34	that is sufficient to generate tax revenue at least equal to the
35	product of:
36	(1) the average annual operating costs estimated for the
37	public transportation project for the first five (5) years of the
38	project and each five (5) year period thereafter; multiplied by
39	(2) ten percent (10%).
40	Sec. 10. The amount of a corporation's adjusted gross income
11	attributable to an eligible county is equal to the result determined

in STEP SIX of the following formula:



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1	STEP ONE: Determine the amount of the corporation's
2	Indiana adjusted gross income as reported on the
3	corporation's Indiana adjusted gross income tax return or
4	returns.
5	STEP TWO: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the quotient
6	of:
7	(A) the total amount of compensation paid to the
8	corporation's employees working in the eligible county;
9	divided by
10	(B) the total amount of compensation paid to the
11	corporation's employees working in Indiana.
12	STEP THREE: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the
13	quotient of:
14	(A) the total amount of the corporation's sales in the
15	eligible county; divided by
16	(B) the total amount of the corporation's sales in Indiana.
17	STEP FOUR: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the
18	quotient of:
19	(A) the total amount of assessed valuation of real and
20	personal property owned by the corporation and located in
21	the eligible county; divided by
22	(B) the total amount of assessed valuation of real and
23	personal property owned by the corporation and located in
24	Indiana.
25	STEP FIVE: Determine the quotient of:
26	(A) the sum of the STEP TWO, STEP THREE, and STEP
27	FOUR results; divided by
28	(B) three (3).
29	STEP SIX: Determine the product of:
30	(A) the STEP ONE amount; multiplied by
31	(B) the STEP FIVE result.
32	Sec. 11. If a fiscal body adopts an ordinance under section 9 of
33	this chapter, the ordinance takes effect on January 1 of the
34	following calendar year. However, a tax imposed under this
35	chapter may not be in effect at the same time that a county
36	corporate employment tax is in effect under IC 6-9-45.
37	Sec. 12. Except as provided in section 14 of this chapter, the
38	fiscal body may, before July 1 of any year, adopt an ordinance to
39	rescind the corporate county income tax. If the fiscal body adopts
40	an ordinance to rescind the county corporate income tax, the tax
41	does not apply after December 31 of the calendar year in which the
42	ordinance is adopted.



- Sec. 13. Except as provided in section 14 of this chapter, the fiscal body may, before July 1 of any year, adopt an ordinance to increase or decrease the county corporate income tax rate. The new tax rate takes effect on January 1 of the following calendar year.

 Sec. 14. A fiscal body may not decrease the county corporate
- Sec. 14. A fiscal body may not decrease the county corporate income tax rate or rescind the county corporate income tax if the fiscal body has pledged the tax for a public transportation project authorized under IC 8-25.
- Sec. 15. If a fiscal body adopts an ordinance to impose, rescind, or change the rate of the county corporate income tax, the fiscal body shall send a copy of the ordinance to the department, the county auditor, and the county treasurer.
- Sec. 16. A tax imposed under this chapter is a listed tax. A taxpayer subject to the tax shall file a return and pay any tax liability at the same time that the taxpayer files an adjusted gross income tax return under IC 6-3. The department shall prescribe the forms, returns, and schedules necessary to administer the tax. The department may take any other action necessary to administer the tax.
- Sec. 17. (a) The treasurer of state shall establish a special account within the state general fund for each county adopting the county corporate income tax. Any revenue derived from the imposition of the county corporate income tax by a county must be deposited in that county's account in the state general fund.
- (b) Any income earned on money held in an account under subsection (a) becomes a part of that account.
- (c) Any revenue remaining in an account established under subsection (a) at the end of a fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.
- Sec. 18. (a) Revenue derived from the imposition of the county corporate income tax must be distributed to the county that imposed the tax in the manner provided by this section.
- (b) The entire amount deposited, including any income earned on the amounts deposited, in a particular calendar year in the account established for an eligible county under section 17 of this chapter must be distributed from the account to the county treasurer of the eligible county on the first regular business day of July in the following calendar year.
- (c) All distributions from an account established under section 17 of this chapter must be made by warrants issued by the auditor of state to the treasurer of state ordering the appropriate



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Sec. 19. The county treasurer shall deposit all corporate income tax revenues received under section 18 of this chapter in the county public transportation project fund established under IC 8-25-3-7. SECTION 14. IC 6-8.1-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.277-2013, SECTION 15, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.288-2013, SECTION 68, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. "Listed taxes" or "taxes" includes only the pari-mutuel taxes (IC 4-31-9-3 through IC 4-31-9-5); the riverboat admissions tax (IC 4-33-12); the riverboat wagering tax (IC 4-33-13); the slot machine wagering tax (IC 4-35-8); the type II gambling game excise tax (IC 4-36-9); the gross income tax (IC 6-2.1) (repealed); the utility receipts and utility services use taxes (IC 6-2.3); the state gross retail and use taxes (IC 6-2.5); the adjusted gross income tax (IC 6-3); the supplemental net income tax (IC 6-3-8) (repealed); the county adjusted gross income tax (IC 6-3.5-1.1); the county option income tax (IC 6-3.5-6); the county economic development income tax (IC 6-3.5-7); the county corporate income tax (IC 6-3.5-10); the auto rental excise tax (IC 6-6-9); the financial institutions tax (IC 6-5.5); the gasoline tax (IC 6-6-1.1); the alternative fuel permit fee (IC 6-6-2.1); the special fuel tax (IC 6-6-2.5); the motor carrier fuel tax (IC 6-6-4.1); a motor fuel tax collected under a reciprocal agreement under IC 6-8.1-3; the motor vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5); the aviation fuel excise tax (IC 6-6-13); the commercial vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5.5); the excise tax imposed on recreational vehicles and truck campers (IC 6-6-5.1); the hazardous waste disposal tax (IC 6-6-6.6); the cigarette tax (IC 6-7-1); the beer excise tax (IC 7.1-4-2); the liquor excise tax (IC 7.1-4-3); the wine excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4); the hard cider excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4.5); the malt excise tax (IC 7.1-4-5); the petroleum severance tax (IC 6-8-1); the various innkeeper's taxes (IC 6-9); the various food and beverage taxes (IC 6-9); the county admissions tax (IC 6-9-13 and IC 6-9-28); the regional transportation improvement income tax (IC 8-24-17); the oil inspection fee (IC 16-44-2); the emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form fee (IC 6-6-10); the penalties assessed for oversize vehicles (IC 9-20-3 and IC 9-30); the fees and penalties assessed for overweight vehicles (IC 9-20-4 and IC 9-30); the underground storage tank fee (IC 13-23); the solid waste management fee (IC 13-20-22); and any other tax or fee that the department is required to collect or administer.

SECTION 15. IC 6-9-45 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]:



1	Chapter 45. County Corporate Employment Tax
2	Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to an eligible county.
3	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "compensation" means gross
4	income from services rendered as that term is defined by Section
5	61(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
6	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "corporation" means a
7	corporation that is:
8	(1) organized for profit;
9	(2) incorporated under or subject to IC 23-1; and
10	(3) commonly known as a C corporation.
11	The term does not include a corporation that is exempt from the
12	adjusted gross income tax under IC 6-3-2-2.8(2).
13	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "doing business within the
14	county" means employing an individual to work, in whole or in
15	part, within the county and doing at least one (1) of the following:
16	(1) Maintaining a fixed place of business in the county.
17	(2) Owning or leasing property within the county.
18	(3) Maintaining a stock of tangible personal property within
19	the county.
20	(4) Employing or loaning capital or property within the
21	county.
22	(5) Employing an employee or engaging an independent
23	contractor to solicit business within the county.
24	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "eligible county" means one (1)
25	or more of the following counties:
26	(1) Delaware County.
27	(2) Hamilton County.
28	(3) Johnson County.
29	(4) Madison County.
30	(5) Marion County.
31	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "employee" means an individual
32	who is paid wages or other compensation by an employer who is
33	required under federal income tax law to file a Form W-2 on behalf
34	of the individual.
35	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "employer" means a corporation
36	that is doing business within an eligible county.
37	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "fiscal body" means:
38	(1) the county council of a county not having a consolidated
39	city; or
40	(2) the city-county council of a county having a consolidated
41	city.
42	Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "full-time employee" means an



employee who received compensation from employment of at leas
nine hundred dollars (\$900) in any calendar quarter of a year from
an employer who is subject to the tax imposed by this chapter.

- Sec. 10. As used in this chapter, "principally employed in the county" means an employee who devotes more than fifty percent (50%) of the time that the employee works for the employer to services that the employee performs in the taxing county.
- Sec. 11. As used in this chapter, "public transportation project" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-25-1-6.
- Sec. 12. (a) If the voters of an eligible county approve a local public question under IC 8-25-2, the fiscal body of the eligible county may adopt an ordinance to impose an employment tax on each employer described in section 17 of this chapter. If the fiscal body adopts an ordinance under this section, the county corporate employment tax must be imposed each year at a rate that is sufficient to generate tax revenue at least equal to the product of:
 - (1) the average annual operating costs estimated for the public transportation project for the first five (5) years of the project and each five (5) year period thereafter; multiplied by (2) ten percent (10%).
- (b) If a fiscal body adopts an ordinance under subsection (a), the ordinance takes effect on January 1 of the following calendar year. However, a tax imposed under this chapter may not be in effect at the same time that a county corporate income tax is in effect under IC 6-3.5-10.
- Sec. 13. Except as provided in section 15 of this chapter, the fiscal body may, before July 1 of any year, adopt an ordinance to rescind the county corporate employment tax. If the fiscal body adopts an ordinance to rescind the county corporate employment tax, the tax does not apply after December 31 of the year the ordinance is adopted.
- Sec. 14. Except as provided in section 15 of this chapter, the fiscal body may, before July 1 of any year, adopt an ordinance to increase or decrease the county corporate employment tax rate. The new tax rate takes effect on January 1 of the following calendar year.
- Sec. 15. A fiscal body may not decrease the county corporate employment tax rate or rescind the employment tax if the fiscal body has pledged the county corporate employment tax for a public transportation project authorized under IC 8-25.
- Sec. 16. If a fiscal body adopts an ordinance to impose, rescind, or change the rate of the county corporate employment tax, the



1	fiscal body shall send a copy of the ordinance to the county auditor
2	and to the county treasurer.
3	Sec. 17. If the fiscal body adopts an ordinance to impose the
4	county corporate employment tax, an employer is subject to the tax
5	if the employer employs at least one (1) full-time employee who is
6	principally employed in the county during any part of a month
7	beginning after the effective date of the ordinance imposing the tax.
8	Sec. 18. An employer described in section 17 of this chapter shall
9	pay county corporate employment tax for each month during
10	which the employer employed at least one (1) full-time employee
11	who was principally employed in the county during that month. An
12	employer's tax liability under this chapter for the month equals:
13	(1) the total number of full-time employees principally
14	employed within the county during that month; multiplied by
15	(2) the applicable tax rate.
16	Sec. 19. An employer described in section 17 of this chapter shall
17	pay the total county corporate employment tax due for each month
18	to the county treasurer not later than the fifteenth day of the
19	following month. The employer shall file a county corporate
20	employment tax return with the county treasurer on a form
21	prescribed by the state board of accounts at the time of payment.
22	Each employer within the county shall maintain for a period of five
23	(5) years adequate records to determine its tax liability for a
24	particular month. The department of state revenue shall conduct
25	an audit of an employer's county corporate employment tax
26	records upon the request of the county treasurer.
27	Sec. 20. The county treasurer shall deposit all county corporate
28	employment tax revenues in the county public transportation
29	project fund established under IC 8-25-3-7.
30	Sec. 21. On or before August 1 of each year, the auditor of a
31	county that has adopted the county corporate employment tax shall
32	provide the fiscal body with an estimate of the county corporate
33	employment tax revenues to be credited to the county public
34	transportation project fund during the next calendar year. The
35	county shall show the estimated county corporate employment tax
36	revenues in its budget estimate for that calendar year.
37	SECTION 16. IC 8-25 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
38	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
39	2014]:
40	ARTICLE 25. CENTRAL INDIANA PUBLIC

TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS

Chapter 1. General Provisions



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1	Sec. 1. The purpose of this article is to provide a flexible means
2	of planning, designing, acquiring, constructing, enlarging,
3	improving, renovating, maintaining, equipping, financing,
4	operating, and supporting public transportation systems that can
5	be adapted to the unique circumstances existing in central Indiana.
6	Sec. 2. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this
7	article.
8	Sec. 3. "Bonds" means, except as otherwise provided, bonds,
9	notes, or other evidences of indebtedness. The term includes
10	obligations (as defined in IC 8-9.5-9-3) and swap agreements (as
11	defined in IC 8-9.5-9-4).
12	Sec. 4. "Corporation" means a corporation that is:
13	(1) organized for profit;
14	(2) incorporated under or subject to IC 23-1; and
15	(3) commonly known as a C corporation.
16	The term does not include a corporation that is exempt from the
17	adjusted gross income tax under IC 6-3-2-2.8(2).
18	Sec. 5. "Eligible county" means one (1) or more of the following
19	counties:
20	(1) Delaware County.
21	(2) Hamilton County.
22 23	(3) Johnson County.
23	(4) Madison County.
24	(5) Marion County.
25	Sec. 6. "Public transportation project" refers to an action taken
26	to:
27	(1) plan;
28	(2) design;
29	(3) acquire;
30	(4) construct;
31	(5) enlarge;
32	(6) improve;
33	(7) renovate;
34	(8) maintain;
35	(9) equip; or
36	(10) operate;
37	a public transportation system in an eligible county.
38	Sec. 7. "Public transportation agency" has the meaning set forth
39	in IC 36-9-1-5.5.
40	Sec. 8. "Public transportation system" means any common
41	carrier of passengers for hire.
42	Chapter 2. Local Public Questions on Central Indiana Public



1	Transportation Projects
2	Sec. 1. Except as provided in IC 8-25-4-6, the fiscal body of an
3	eligible county may adopt an ordinance to place on the ballot a
4	local public question granting the fiscal body of the eligible county
5	the authority to fund and carry out a public transportation project.
6	The fiscal body shall include in the ordinance:
7	(1) a description of the public transportation services that will
8	be provided through the proposed public transportation
9	project; and
10	(2) an estimate of each tax necessary to annually fund the
l 1	public transportation project.
12	Sec. 2. (a) This section applies to Hamilton County and Marion
13	County.
14	(b) If a fiscal body of an eligible county adopts an ordinance
15	under section 1 of this chapter, the county auditor shall certify the
16	ordinance to the county election board, and the county election
17	board shall place the following question on the election ballot in
18	accordance with IC 3-10-9:
19	"Shall County have the ability to impose:
20	(1) a county economic development income tax rate, not to
21	exceed a rate of (insert recommended rate
22	included in the ordinance authorizing the local public
23	question); and
24	(2) a business tax on corporations in the form of
25	(insert the type of tax proposed in the
26	ordinance authorizing the local public question) and at the
27	rate of (insert recommended rate
28	included in the ordinance authorizing the local public
29	question);
30	to pay for improving or establishing public transportation
31	service in the county through a public transportation project
32	that (insert the description of the public
33	transportation project set forth in the ordinance authorizing
34	the local public question)?".
35	Sec. 3. (a) This section applies to Delaware County and Madison
36	County.
37	(b) If a fiscal body of an eligible county adopts an ordinance
38	under section 1 of this chapter, the county auditor shall certify the
39	ordinance to the county election board, and the county election
10	board shall place the following question on the election ballot in
1 1	accordance with IC 3-10-9:
12	"Shall County have the ability to impose:



(1) a county option income tax rate, not to exceed a rate of
(insert recommended rate included in the
ordinance authorizing the local public question); and
(2) a business tax on corporations in the form of
(insert the type of tax proposed in the
ordinance authorizing the local public question) and at the
rate of (insert recommended rate
included in the ordinance authorizing the local public
question);
to pay for improving or establishing public transportation
service in the county through a public transportation project
that (insert the description of the public
transportation project set forth in the ordinance authorizing
the local public question)?".
Sec. 4. (a) This section applies to Johnson County.
(b) If a fiscal body of an eligible county adopts an ordinance
under section 1 of this chapter, the county auditor shall certify the
ordinance to the county election board, and the county election
board shall place the following question on the election ballot in
accordance with IC 3-10-9:
"Shall County have the ability to impose:
(1) a county adjusted gross income tax rate, not to exceed
a rate of (insert recommended rate included in
the ordinance authorizing the local public question); and
(2) a business tax on corporations in the form of
(insert the type of tax proposed in the
ordinance authorizing the local public question) and at the
rate of (insert recommended rate
included in the ordinance authorizing the local public
question);
to pay for improving or establishing public transportation
service in the county through a public transportation project
that (insert the description of the public
transportation project set forth in the ordinance authorizing
the local public question)?".
Sec. 5. Except as provided in section 8 of this chapter, if a
county auditor certifies an ordinance under section 2, 3, or 4 of this
chapter, the county election board shall place the local public
question on the ballot at the next general election for which the
question may be certified under IC 3-10-9-3 and for which all
voters of the county are entitled to vote.
Sec. 6. After an election on the local public question, the circuit



1	court clerk of the county shall:
2	(1) make a certified copy of the election returns; and
3	(2) not later than five (5) days after the election, file the copy
4	with:
5	(A) the department of state revenue; and
6	(B) the fiscal body of the county.
7	Sec. 7. The local public question is approved by a county if a
8	majority of the county voters voting on the local public question
9	vote "yes". The local public question is defeated by a county if a
10	majority of the county voters voting on the local public question
11	vote "no".
12	Sec. 8. If the local public question is defeated in a county, the
13	fiscal body may adopt an ordinance under this section to place
14	another local public question on the ballot as provided in this
15	section at a subsequent general election in the county. However, a
16	local public question under this section may not be placed on the
17	ballot more than two (2) times in any seven (7) year period.
18	Chapter 3. Funding for Central Indiana Public Transportation
19	Projects
20	Sec. 1. (a) This section applies to Hamilton County and Marion
21	County.
22	(b) If the voters of an eligible county approve a local public
23	question under IC 8-25-2, the fiscal body of the eligible county
24	may, subject to section 4 of this chapter, adopt ordinances as
25	follows to fund the public transportation project:
26	(1) Under IC 6-3.5-7-26(m) to impose an additional county
27	economic development income tax rate as allowed by
28	IC 6-3.5-7-5(o) for the public transportation project.
29	(2) Under either of the following:
30	(A) IC 6-3.5-10 to impose a county corporate income tax
31	for the public transportation project.
32	(B) IC 6-9-45 to impose a county corporate employment
33	tax for the public transportation project.
34	Sec. 2. (a) This section applies to Delaware County and Madison
35	County.
36	(b) If the voters of an eligible county approve a local public
37	question under IC 8-25-2, the fiscal body of the eligible county
38	may, subject to section 4 of this chapter, adopt ordinances as
39	follows to fund the public transportation project:
40	(1) Under IC 6-3.5-6-30(t) to impose an additional county
41	option income tax rate for the public transportation project.

(2) Under either of the following:



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1	(A) IC 6-3.5-10 to impose a county corporate income tax
2	for the public transportation project.
3	(B) IC 6-9-45 to impose a county corporate employment
4	tax for the public transportation project.
5	Sec. 3. (a) This section applies to Johnson County.
6	(b) If the voters of an eligible county approve a local public
7	question under IC 8-25-2, the fiscal body of the eligible county
8	may, subject to section 4 of this chapter, adopt ordinances as
9	follows to fund the public transportation project:
10	(1) Under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24(s) to impose an additional county
11	adjusted gross income tax rate for the public transportation
12	project.
13	(2) Under either of the following:
14	(A) IC 6-3.5-10 to impose a county corporate income tax
15	for the public transportation project.
16	(B) IC 6-9-45 to impose a county corporate employment
17	tax for the public transportation project.
18	Sec. 4. The fiscal body of an eligible county may not adopt an
19	ordinance imposing a tax rate or a tax for a public transportation
20	project unless the tax rate or tax was described in an ordinance
21	adopted under IC 8-25-2-1 and in the local public question on the
22	approval of the public transportation project.
23	Sec. 5. (a) The minimum tax rate for a county adjusted gross
24	income tax, county option income tax, or county economic
25	development income tax that may be imposed to fund a public
26	transportation project is one-tenth percent (0.1%).
27	(b) The maximum tax rate for a county adjusted gross income
28	tax, county option income tax, or county economic development
29	income tax that may be imposed to fund a public transportation
30	project is twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%) .
31	Sec. 6. Only one (1) corporate tax described in section 1(b)(2),
32	2(b)(2), or 3(b)(2) of this chapter may be in effect in an eligible
33	county at any particular time.
34	Sec. 7. (a) If the fiscal body of an eligible county imposes taxes
35	to fund a public transportation project, the county treasurer of the
36	eligible county shall establish a county public transportation
37	project fund to receive tax revenues collected for the public
38	transportation project.
39	(b) Money in a fund established under subsection (a) at the end
40	of the eligible county's fiscal year remains in the fund. Interest
41	earned by the fund must be deposited in the fund.
42	(c) Money deposited in an eligible county's public transportation



project fund may be used only to purchase, establish, operate, repair, or maintain a public transportation project authorized under this article. Money in the fund may be pledged by the fiscal body of the eligible county to the repayment of bonds issued for purposes of a public transportation project authorized under this article.

(d) The fiscal body of an eligible county may, in the manner provided by law, appropriate money from the fund to a public transportation corporation that is authorized to purchase, establish, operate, repair, or maintain the public transportation project if the public transportation project is located, either entirely or partially, within the eligible county.

Sec. 8. For purposes of this chapter, IC 36-9-2-2(b), and IC 36-9-4-58(b), the purchase of equipment or other personal property is considered an operating expense if the equipment or other personal property has a useful life of less than three (3) years.

Chapter 4. Carrying Out Central Indiana Public Transportation Projects

- Sec. 1. An eligible county may carry out a public transportation project in accordance with the powers granted to the county by IC 36-9-2 and this article.
- Sec. 2. The fiscal body of an eligible county may adopt an ordinance authorizing a public transportation corporation to carry out a public transportation project in accordance with the powers granted to the public transportation corporation under IC 36-9-4 and subject to the appropriating power of the fiscal body and any other powers reserved for the fiscal body by this article.
- Sec. 3. The fiscal body of an eligible county may adopt an ordinance authorizing the executive of the county to enter into an interlocal agreement with the executive of another eligible county to carry out jointly a public transportation project approved by the voters of both counties in local public questions held under this article.
- Sec. 4. The fiscal body of an eligible county may adopt an ordinance authorizing the executive of the county to enter into one (1) or more public-private partnership contracts under which a public transportation project is carried out, in whole or in part, by one (1) or more nongovernmental entities.
- Sec. 5. If an ordinance authorizing public-private partnership contracts is adopted under section 4 of this chapter, the executive of the eligible county shall issue a request for proposals with



1	respect to each proposed public-private partnership contract and
2	award each contract under IC 5-22-9.
3	Sec. 6. An eligible county may carry out only one (1) public
4	transportation project under this article. The fiscal body of an
5	eligible county may not adopt a subsequent ordinance under
6	IC 8-25-2-1 after a public transportation project is approved by the
7	voters of the county under IC 8-25-2.
8	Chapter 5. Bonding for Central Indiana Public Transportation
9	Projects
10	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to the issuance of bonds by an
11	eligible county for purposes of a public transportation project
12	authorized under this article.
13	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "bonds" has the meaning set
14	forth in IC 36-1-2-2.
15	Sec. 3. (a) Upon request of the county executive, the county
16	fiscal body may borrow money and issue bonds in the name of the
17	county in principal amounts and maturities as the fiscal body
18	determines necessary to provide sufficient funds for the purposes
19	specified in this article, including:
20	(1) the payment of costs of the public transportation project
21	for which bonds are authorized, costs of issuance, or related
22	costs of financing;
23	(2) the payment of interest on the bonds;
24	(3) the establishment of reserves to secure the bonds; and
25	(4) all other expenditures of the county incident to, necessary,
26	and convenient to carry out this chapter.
27	(b) Before bonds may be issued under this chapter, the county
28	fiscal body shall give notice of a public hearing to disclose the
29	purpose for which the bond issue is proposed, the amount of the
30	proposed issue, and other pertinent data. The county fiscal body
31	shall publish in accordance with IC 5-3-1 a notice of the time,
32	place, and general purpose of the hearing.
33	Sec. 4. (a) The bonds must be authorized by ordinance of the
34	fiscal body. The ordinance must provide the following with respect
35	to the bonds:
36	(1) The original date of the bonds.
37	(2) The time or times that the bonds mature. However, a bond
38	may not mature more than twenty (20) years after the date it
39	is issued.
40	(3) The maximum interest rate or rates, including variations



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of the rates.

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(4) The denominations.

1	(5) The form, either coupon or registered.
2	(6) The registration privileges.
3	(7) The medium of payment and the place or places of
4	payment.
5	(8) The terms of redemption, including redemption before
6	maturity.
7	(b) Bonds issued under this chapter must be sold under
8	IC 5-1-11, and at a price or prices determined by the county fiscal
9	body in the ordinance.
10	Sec. 5. An ordinance authorizing the issuance of bonds under
11	this chapter or trust indenture under which the bonds are issued
12	may contain the following provisions:
13	(1) Pledging revenues of the county to secure the payment of
14	the bonds, subject to section 6 of this chapter and existing
15	agreements with bondholders.
16	(2) Setting aside reserves or sinking funds and the regulation
17	and disposition of these funds.
18	(3) Limitations on the purposes to which the proceeds from
19	the sale of bonds may be applied.
20	(4) Limitations on the issuance of additional bonds, the terms
21	upon which additional bonds may be issued and secured, and
22	the refunding of outstanding or other bonds.
23	(5) The procedure, if any, by which the terms of a contract
24	with bondholders may be amended or abrogated and the
25	manner in which the consent to the amendment or abrogation
26	may be given.
27	(6) Vesting in a trustee property, rights, powers, and trust as
28	the county fiscal body determines, and limiting or abrogating
29	the right of the bondholders to appoint a trustee or to limit the
30	rights, powers, and duties of the trustee.
31	(7) Defining acts or omissions that will constitute a default
32	and the obligations or duties of the county fiscal body to the
33	bondholders and providing for the rights and remedies of the
34	bondholders in the event of default. However, the rights and
35	remedies must not be inconsistent with this chapter or other
36	laws of this state.
37	(8) A covenant that the fiscal body will not repeal or adversely
38	modify the taxes or sources of revenue that are pledged to
39	secure the payment of the bonds.
40	(9) Any other matter that affects the security or protection of
41	the bondholders.

Sec. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the county fiscal



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1	body may pledge revenues for the payment of principal and
2	interest on the bonds and for other purposes under the ordinance
3	as provided by IC 5-1-14-4, including revenues from the following
4	sources:
5	(1) The county adjusted gross income tax in Johnson County.
6	(2) The county option income tax in Delaware County or
7	Madison County.
8	(3) The county economic development income tax in Hamilton
9	County or Marion County.
10	(4) A county corporate income tax.
11	(5) A county corporate employment tax.
12	(b) The county fiscal body may not pledge to levy ad valorem
13	property taxes for these purposes.
14	(c) If the county fiscal body has pledged revenues from the
15	county economic development income tax as set forth in subsection
16	(a), the county fiscal body may covenant that the county fiscal body
17	will not repeal or modify the tax in a manner that would adversely
18	affect owners of outstanding bonds issued under this chapter. The
19	county fiscal body may make the covenant by adopting an
20	ordinance.
21	Sec. 7. (a) The bonds may be secured by a trust indenture
22	between the county and a bank having the power of a trust
23 24 25	company or any trust company.
24	(b) The trust indenture may provide for:
	(1) protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the
26	bondholders as are reasonable and proper and not in violation
27	of law;
28	(2) covenants setting forth the duties of the county fiscal body
29	in relation to the exercise of its powers and the custody,
30	safekeeping, and application of money related to the bond
31	financing for which the trust indenture exists;
32	(3) the payment of the proceeds of the bonds and the revenue
33	of the trustee under the trust indenture; and
34	(4) the method of disbursement of the proceeds of the bonds
35	and the revenue to the trustee, with safeguards and
36	restrictions as the county fiscal body may determine.
37	Sec. 8. Bonds issued by the county under this chapter must be
38	executed by the manual or facsimile signatures of the executive and
39	attested to by the county auditor.
40	Sec. 9. Money received from the bonds issued under this chapter

shall be applied solely to the purposes for which the bonds were

issued, except as provided in IC 5-1-13 and IC 5-1-14.



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1	Sec. 10. The bonds are negotiable instruments, subject only to
2	the provisions of the bonds relating to registration.
3	Sec. 11. Bonds issued under this chapter are exempt from
4	taxation in Indiana under IC 6-8-5.
5	Sec. 12. Bonds issued by the county under this chapter are
6	exempt from registration and other requirements of IC 23 and any
7	other securities registration laws.
8	Sec. 13. The general assembly pledges to and covenants with the
9	owner of any bonds issued under this chapter that the general
10	assembly will not limit or alter the ability of the county to fulfill the
11	terms of the agreements or pledges made with bondholders or in
12	any way impair the rights or remedies of the bondholders until the
13	bonds and related obligations are fully met and discharged.
14	Sec. 14. IC 6-1.1-20 does not apply to the issuance of bonds
15	under this chapter.
16	Sec. 15. Bonds issued under this chapter do not create a moral
17	obligation of the state to pay all or part of the debt.
18	SECTION 17. IC 12-29-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.123-2008,
19	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. (a) A county shall fund the operation of
21	community mental health centers in the amount determined under
22	subsection (b), unless a lower tax levy amount will be adequate to
23	fulfill the county's financial obligations under this chapter in any of the
24	following situations:
25	(1) If the total population of the county is served by one (1)
26	center.
27	(2) If the total population of the county is served by more than one
28	(1) center.
29	(3) If the partial population of the county is served by one (1)
30	center.
31	(4) If the partial population of the county is served by more than
32	one (1) center.
33	(b) The amount of funding under subsection (a) for taxes first due
34	and payable in a calendar year is the following:
35	(1) For 2004, the amount is the amount determined under STEP
36	THREE of the following formula:
37	STEP ONE: Determine the amount that was levied within the
38	county to comply with this section from property taxes first
39	due and payable in 2002.
40	STEP TWO: Multiply the STEP ONE result by the county's
41	assessed value growth quotient for the ensuing year 2003, as
42	determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2.



1	STEP THREE: Multiply the STEP TWO result by the county's
2	assessed value growth quotient for the ensuing year 2004, as
3	determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2.
4	(2) Except as provided in subsection (c), for 2005 and each year
5	thereafter, the result equal to:
6	(A) the amount that was levied in the county to comply with
7	this section from property taxes first due and payable in the
8	calendar year immediately preceding the ensuing calendar
9	year; multiplied by
10	(B) the county's assessed value growth quotient for the ensuing
11	calendar year, as determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2.
12	(c) This subsection applies only to property taxes first due and
13	payable after December 31, 2007. This subsection applies only to a
14	county for which:
15	(1) a county adjusted gross income tax rate is first imposed or is
16	increased in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-1.1-24; or
17	(2) a county option income tax rate is first imposed or is increased
18	in a particular year under IC 6-3.5-6-30;
19	to provide property tax relief in the county. Notwithstanding any
20	provision in this section or any other section of this chapter, for a
21	county subject to this subsection, the county's maximum property tax
22	levy under this section to fund the operation of community mental
23	health centers for the ensuing calendar year is equal to the county's
24	maximum property tax levy to fund the operation of community mental
25	health centers for the current calendar year.
26	(d) Except as provided in subsection (h), the county shall pay to the
27	division of mental health and addiction the part of the funding
28	determined under subsection (b) that is appropriated solely for funding
29	the operations of a community health center. The funding required
30	under this section for operations of a community health center shall be
31	paid by the county to the division of mental health and addiction. These
32	funds shall be used solely for satisfying the non-federal share of
33	medical assistance payments to community mental health centers
34	
35	serving the county for:
	(1) allowable administrative services; and
36	(2) community mental health rehabilitation services.
37	All other funding appropriated for the purposes allowed under section
38	1.2(b)(1) of this chapter shall be paid by the county directly to the
39	community mental health center semiannually at the times that the
40	payments are made under subsection (e).
41	(e) The county shall appropriate and disburse the funds for

operations semiannually not later than December 1 and June 1 in an



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amount equal to the amount determined under subsection (b) and requested in writing by the division of mental health and addiction. The total funding amount paid to the division of mental health and addiction for a county for each calendar year may not exceed the amount that is calculated in subsection (b) and set forth in writing by the division of mental health and addiction for the county. Funds paid to the division of mental health and addiction by the county shall be submitted by the county in a timely manner after receiving the written request from the division of mental health and addiction, to ensure current year compliance with the community mental health rehabilitation program and any administrative requirements of the program.

- (f) The division of mental health and addiction shall ensure that the non-federal share of funding received from a county under this program is applied only for matching federal funds for the designated community mental health centers to the extent a center is eligible to receive county funding under $\frac{1}{12-21-2-3}$ (a)(5)(E). IC 12-21-2-3(5)(D).
 - (g) The division of mental health and addiction:
 - (1) shall first apply state funding to a community mental health center's non-federal share of funding under this program; and
 - (2) may next apply county funding received under IC 12-29-2-2 **this section** to any remaining non-federal share of funding for the community mental health center.

The division shall distribute any excess state funds that exceed the community mental health rehabilitation services non-federal share applied to a community mental health center that is entitled to the excess state funds.

- (h) The health and hospital corporation of Marion County created by IC 16-22-8-6 may make payments to the division for the operation of a community mental health center as described in this chapter.
- SECTION 18. IC 36-9-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. (a) A unit may establish, aid, maintain, and operate transportation systems.
- (b) This subsection applies to an eligible county (as defined by IC 8-25-1-5) that establishes a public transportation system through a public transportation project authorized and funded under IC 8-25. The unit must establish fares and charges that cover at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the operating expenses of the public transportation system. The unit annually shall report on the unit's compliance with this subsection not later than sixty (60) days after the close of the unit's fiscal year. The report must include



information on any fare increases necessary to achieve compliance. The unit shall submit the report to the department of local government finance and make the report available electronically through the Indiana transparency Internet web site established under IC 5-14-3.8.

(c) If a unit fails to prepare and disclose the annual report in the manner required by subsection (b), any person subject to a tax described in IC 8-25 may initiate a cause of action in the circuit court of the eligible county to compel the appropriate officials of the unit to prepare and disclose the annual report not later than thirty (30) days after a court order mandating the unit to comply with subsection (b) is issued by the circuit court.

SECTION 19. IC 36-9-4-58 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 58. (a) An urban mass transportation system operating under this chapter is considered a common carrier not operating under a franchise or contract granted by a municipality and not regulated by ordinance, and is subject to the authority of the department of state revenue under IC 8-2.1 to the same extent as any other common carrier. However, in determining the reasonableness of the fares and charges of such a system, the department of state revenue shall consider, among other factors, the policy of this chapter to foster and assure the development and maintenance of urban mass transportation systems, and it is not necessary that the operating revenues of the system be sufficient to cover the cost to the system of providing adequate service.

- (b) If a public transportation corporation providing public transportation services in Marion County expands its service through a public transportation project authorized and funded under IC 8-25, the public transportation corporation shall establish fares and charges that cover at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the operating expenses of the urban mass transportation system operated by the public transportation corporation. The public transportation corporation annually shall report on the corporation's compliance with this subsection not later than sixty (60) days after the close of the corporation's fiscal year. The report must include information on any fare increases necessary to achieve compliance. The public transportation corporation shall submit the report to the department of local government finance and make the report available electronically through the Indiana transparency Internet web site established under IC 5-14-3.8.
- (c) If a public transportation corporation fails to prepare and disclose the annual report in the manner required by subsection



1	(b), any person subject to a tax described in IC 8-25 may initiate a
2	cause of action in the circuit court of the eligible county to compel
3	the appropriate officials of the public transportation corporation
4	to prepare and disclose the annual report not later than thirty (30)
5	days after a court order mandating the public transportation
6	corporation to comply with subsection (b) is issued by the circuit
7	court

